

Frankfort, Mokena, New Lenox And Homer 100 Years Old; Joint Celebration Suggested

It is quite the style for Illinois cities to be celebrating their 100th anniversaries, but the smaller communities are not far behind when it comes to age, but the next thing is to get these communities together to celebrate their birthdays. Frankfort, Mokena, New Lenox and Homer all were first settled in the years of 1831—32 and The News-Bulletin suggests that these communities hold a joint 100th anniversary celebration either this fall or next summer.

According to available records, Matthew Van Horne of New York, was the first settler in Frankfort, locating one mile west of the present village of Frankfort, in 1832.

Wm. Rice came from Ohio and is supposed to have been the first white man whose footsteps marked the virgin prairie in this portion of Will County. He made a kind of prospecting tour thru here in 1828, but did not make a permanent settlement until the summer of 1831.

Mokena was first settled during the spring and summer of 1831 by John McGovney, William Moore, William Rice and a man named Osborn.

New Lenox township was even a little ahead of the other towns in settlement, as Wm. Gougar, Sr., of Pennsylvania was among the first settlers here in 1830. Lewis Kercheval came from Ohio and settled in this township on the 19th day of October, 1830.

The classical land of Homer—the site of the famous "Yankee Settlement" peopled by the old and refined states of the Union, also was first settled in 1831—32. Edward Poor from North Carolina settled in Homer in the spring of 1831. Joseph and James Cox came here from Indiana in 1831.

John McMahon is the first who settled in what was termed Gooding's Grove. He made a claim there and sold it to Gooding upon his arrival in 1832.

The News-Bulletin, beginning with next week, will publish a series of articles on the settling of these townships and villages now 100 years old. If there are any errors in the historical data in the possession of the News-Bulletin and which will be used in the articles to be published, we will be glad to have any corrections that any of the old time residents might be able to make.

Let the leaders of these communities think the matter over about celebrating our 100th birthdays.

Gaps on Wolf Road at Mokena Are Being Paved

Labor disputes having been settled, the Powers & Thompson Construction Company have started work on paving the gaps on Wolf road to the north and south of Mokena. The concrete mixing machine was moved on the job at the north end Tuesday afternoon. The work of paving the gaps will only take a few days if rain does not interfere.

159th Street Paving Progresses

Paving work on 159th street is progressing right along in Cook County. The junction with route 51 has been finished and work has been started also with the junction on Wolf Road. A piece of former slough near Alpine has required a lot of filling. This piece of turf was dug down 32 feet before a solid bottom was reached. This stretch of turf is about half a mile long.

R. A. Loebe Orland Attends Radio Convention

Roy A. Loebe, of the Orland Park Electric Shop attended the Spartan Radio convention held at Jackson, Michigan last Friday. The latest development in radio was shown including a combination talking picture radio for home use. This set operates talking movies just like in a theatre and the radio is also a part of the set.

Mr. Loebe reports that the radio dealers from all over the country in attendance at this convention, all expressed very optimistic views regarding business and one dealer in particular said "the financial hurricane was over, only a lot of wind is blowing right now."

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Resolution prohibiting sale of fireworks within the Village Limits of Orland Park, Cook County, Illinois, prior to Saturday, June 27, 1931, was adopted by the Village Board at its regular meeting, Monday, June 8th, 1931.

H. ADELE COOPER,
Village Clerk.

Two Mokena Men Decorate Soldiers Graves

Alderman Richard Hensel of Mokena has called the attention of the editor to the fact that even though Mokena did not put on a Memorial Day celebration, and did not decorate the graves of the soldiers in the several cemeteries in and around Mokena, that he and Constable Karl Kraus took it upon themselves to decorate the soldiers graves with flowers and flags so the soldiers dead were remembered by individuals, if forgotten apparently by the community as a whole.

These two patriotic citizens are to be commended on their showing of patriotism. Their patriotic act was known by only a few citizens of the community.

Mokena had not observed Memorial Day and never bothered about decorating the soldiers graves until The News-Bulletin started a movement a number of years ago to hold Memorial Day services same as other communities do. For several years The News-Bulletin conducted these exercises and finally a local committee was appointed to see to it that these celebrations were held annually. For several years this was done, but for the last two years no Memorial Day services have been held and it has only been through the thoughtfulness of relatives and a few patriotic citizens that the graves have been decorated.

It is understood that efforts are going to be made to interest Legion Posts in Joliet to co-operate in decorating the graves of the soldiers in the Mokena cemeteries each year.

Mokena Garden Club Beautifies Depot Grounds

The Mokena Garden Club and the Garden Club units have begun work on beautifying the Rock Island depot grounds since receiving permission from the railroad officials to do this work.

A good sized rock garden has been placed a little eastward of the depot. Flower gardens have been located under the south windows of the waiting room and in front of the telegraph office. Mrs. Albert Braun, president of the Mokena Garden Club and Mrs. Harry Mall were in charge of the work. Flowers will be planted today (Friday).

The depot grounds will present a very attractive appearance when the flowers are in bloom and will be a neat advertisement for the village.

Orland Band Attends Road Meet At Saunemin

The Southwest Towns Chamber of Commerce met Wednesday evening at Saunemin, Ill. The matter of getting the Southwest highway paved from Marley to Saunemin by the state was the chief topic discussed. Senator R. J. Barr had prepared a bill asking that the state pave this gap of forty miles, but the measure has been killed.

A very large crowd of road boosters from Cook and Will counties attended this meeting. The Orland Park Community band furnished a musical program. Prior to the meeting a banquet was served at the M. E. church parlors in Saunemin.

Tinley Park R. N. A. Juveniles

Don't forget our regular meeting Saturday, June 13th at the Community Hall at 1:30 o'clock.

A good time to all Juveniles and Royal Neighbors who attend our meeting.

Tinley Junior Garden Club By Fern Fulton

The regular meeting of the Junior Garden Club met Thursday afternoon, June 4th at the home of Mrs. Anderson.

The meeting was called to order and Mrs. Hug greeted the buds and in the absence of Edna Goessel, Julian Reiter served as president.

We ate our lunch under the trees and it certainly had a very picnic feeling.

We then spent the rest of the afternoon picking wild flowers in the woods.

Mrs. Florence Anderson made plans for the Junior Buds exhibit at the Flower Show. Also gave the girls an interesting talk on flower arrangement.

We all came home tired but happy and if weather permits we are in hopes of having our next meeting at the same place.

Marley To Celebrate 49th 4th of July

The Marley Brotherhood is busily engaged in making preparations for the observance of their 49th annual Fourth of July celebration. This celebration has been faithfully observed every year since 1882 and plans are also being discussed now for the 50th annual celebration next year when a special program will be offered to commemorate the half century point of celebrating the nation's birthday.

More particulars about this year's celebration will be given later.

Hirsch Bros. Buy Interest in Funeral Home

Edwin Hirsch of Mokena who has been a member of the undertaking firm of Funk, Adler & Hirsch at Oak Forest, has severed his connections with this establishment. He and his brother Carl Hirsch, also of Mokena, have acquired an interest in the West End Funeral Home in Chicago Heights. Associated with them in this business is Frank Herbst, who has been connected with the West End Funeral Home for the past 15 years. The undertaking establishment is an old established one, having been in active business for the past twenty-five years. It is located at 9 East 16th street, Chicago Heights.

The Hirsch brothers expect to serve the same community as when Mr. Edwin Hirsch was connected with the Oak Forest firm.

The undertaking firm at Oak Forest will be conducted in the name of Funk & Adler and will be managed by Wm. Funk of Tinley Park and Mrs. Adler of Oak Forest.

Frankfort Couple Celebrate 25th Anniversary

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfeifer of Frankfort celebrated their silver wedding anniversary Saturday evening, June 6th at the Frankfort Grove. About 400 guests were present from Chicago, Dyer, and Hammond, Indiana, Blue Island, Tinley Park, Orland Park, Mokena, New Lenox, Joliet, Homewood, Manhattan, Peotone, Monee, Green Garden, Chicago Heights, Hinsdale and Frankfort.

The Borms orchestra from Peotone played for the dance. A sumptuous supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Pfeifer received many cards, and telephone calls from friends and relatives. A number of gifts of silver were also received.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfeifer were married June 6, 1906 in Mokena. They have resided in Frankfort for 25 years where Mr. Pfeifer has been section foreman on the E. J. & E. railroad for the past 26 years.

All the guests present reported a good time and wished the honored couple many more anniversaries.

Mrs. Pfeifer's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schweser from Blue Island were present. They celebrated their golden wedding on March 30, 1930 in Blue Island. Mr. and Mrs. Pfeifer were present then to help them celebrate. Mr. Schweser is 79 and Mrs. Schweser is past 80 years.

SAM POWERS PASSES ON

Sam Powers, aged 50 years, a well known resident of Oak Forest died Saturday. Funeral services were held Tuesday from the Funk & Adler funeral chapel at Oak Forest with burial in Mount Greenwood. Mr. Powers is survived by his widow and other relatives.

Oak Forest M. E. To Have Home Coming Week

The Oak Forest Community M. E. Church announce their 10th anniversary and Home Coming week from June 21st to 28th.

The church services have been changed from 11 a. m. to 8 o'clock in the evening. Sunday school will be held same as usual at 10:30 a. m.

Cook County Assessors To Review 1930 Taxes

The Cook County board of assessors have given legal notice of meetings it will hold for the purpose of correcting and revising the 1930 real estate assessment. It is at these meetings, required by law, that complaints for reductions are to be considered at public hearings.

Tuesday, June 16, has been set for considering assessments in the town of Bremen.

Wednesday, June 17, is the day for Orland, and Palos townships.

Thursday, June 18, is for Rich and Worth townships.

TINLEY PARK

Obituary of Ernest Siekmann

Ernest Henry Dietrich Siekmann was born in the Town of Rich, Cook County, Illinois, Sept. 9, 1883. His parents were the late Henry Siekmann and his wife Bertha nee Biermann. He attended the school at Sedan Prairie.

On Feb. 6, 1910 he entered the

Worth Judge Dismisses Case Of Autoists

A recent drive by the police on motorists not having a state licence for this year brought out a story that forty offenders were tried before the judge at Worth and fined \$25 and costs. George Peterson who is the judge in that town, states that this was in error as he only fined a few of the offender's a total of \$5 and dismissed the other cases.

Connection of Wolf Rd. with Lincoln Urged

The sentiment that the paving of Wolf Road to connect Mokena up with the Lincoln Highway should be taken up by the Will County Bond Issue committee is steadily growing stronger and a goodly number of Wolf Road boosters are going to push the matter of getting action. A new survey has been completed thru the Warning farm but so far the state has not been asked to pass on the survey, as the result of the survey not having been placed on blue prints as yet.

This connection is a very important one and must be pressed to completion. The entire matter of getting action on this connection rests with the Bond Issue committee.

Henry Seehausen of Crete who has been a member of the County Right of Way committee has been succeeded by Mr. Mottinger. The Right of Way committee now consists of Wm. North, Albert Grinton and Mr. Mottinger.

TINLEY PARK BOY SCOUTS

By Howard Wendt

The regular meeting of the Tinley Park Boy Scouts was held Friday June 5th at the American Legion Community Hall. Mr. Nylander was the guest from the American Legion Post. The next meeting will be held Friday, June 12. All boys 12 years or older are invited to join or visit at this meeting.

Concertina Club Dance at Tinley

The Clarion Concertina Club will hold a dance at the Saenger hall in Tinley Park the night of June 20th. There are sixteen concertinas in the club and they can certainly play! This club gave a dance to a packed house in Tinley in January.

Tinley Man at Radio Convention

R. J. Hug of Tinley Park is attending the convention of the Radio Manufacturers Association at The Stevens Hotel in Chicago this week.

estate of matrimony with Miss Lily Marquardt. Two children were born of this union, namely Mildred and Irvin, both surviving.

For about five years the deceased worked his father's farm south of Tinley Park. Since 1915 he lived on the farm adjoining the northern limits of the village. His last illness began about four weeks ago when a tumor developed on the brain. The best specialists of Chicago were consulted after he had been removed to St. Luke's hospital. An operation was deemed inadvisable on account of the delicate location of the obstruction. Day by day the deceased grew weaker in body and in spirits. Sunday, May 31st he suffered a hemorrhage and soon after, Tuesday, June 2, at 8:35 p. m. he breathed his last. His exact age was 47 years, 8 months, 13 days.

The deceased was a prominent member of Trinity Lutheran church and held several important offices. He was a liberal contributor towards his congregation and the church at large.

The sorrowing relatives are his wife, Mrs. Lily Siekmann nee Marquardt, son Irvin, daughter Mildred, who are both at home; three brothers and one sister and many other relatives.

The funeral took place on Saturday from the Trinity Lutheran church. Amidst a large concourse of people, interment was made in the Lutheran cemetery. The pallbearers were the Messrs. Ernest Stelter, Aug. Bormet, Charles Englehardt, Adam Breitbarth, R. Specketer, and H. Siebrandt. Neighbors and relatives carried the floral offerings. Mrs. Wm. Greve and the quartet sang several hymns and appropriate selections.

MARLEY WOMAN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY MEETS JUNE 18th

The June meeting of the Marley Woman's Missionary Society will be held Thursday afternoon, June 18 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Tilsy in Marley. Everybody is invited to attend.

Tinley Park Legion Notes

Sunday, June 14th is Flag Day and the street flags, which are serviced by the Legion Post, will be displayed unless the weather prohibits. For the benefit of those who do not have street flags a few simple reminders are given in connection with proper respect to the flag.

Do not drape the flag over the hood, top, sides or back of an automobile. If the flag is displayed on a motor car it should always be by a staff fastened firmly to the car or the radiator cap.

If you want a drape for your car use red, white and blue bunting.

Everyone knows how a flag is displayed from a staff, with the union always at the top of the staff, but when a staff is not used and the flag is suspended from a rope across the street the union should be to the north or the east and if suspended from a rope between the house and the sidewalk the union should be farthest from the house.

If displayed flat against a building or in a window either horizontally or vertically the union should be at the top and to the left of the observer in the street.

Flag day services will be held on Sunday afternoon at Lincoln Park, sponsored by the Elks Chicago Lodge No. 4 and the Cook County Council of the American Legion. It is free and public and everyone is welcome and it will be educational and interesting for young and old.

There will be a parade including bands and drum and bugle corps starting at Dearborn and Division Streets at 2 p. m. and marching to the band stand at the south end of Lincoln Park where the exercises will be held.

Judge John P. McGoorty, Chief Justice of the Criminal Court will be the speaker of the day and Judge Joseph Burke, a Legionnaire and chairman of the Flag Day Committee will give the story of the flag. Loud speakers have been installed so you may hear even if you are not very close to the bandstand. Everybody welcome.

Next meeting Tuesday, June 16. Social night and some visiting comrades with moving pictures of the Boston Convention. As soon as details are complete members will be notified by letter.

Tinley P. O. Cannot Accept Checks

The closing of 19 banks in Chicago the past week has caused the postal department to issue notices to postmasters not to accept checks but to demand cash money. Postmaster C. Andres of Tinley Park received a list of the closed banks Wednesday. A postal inspector was here one day this week and told Mr. Andres not to accept any checks in payment of stamps or money orders.

Tinley Park Bakery Sold to Chicago Man

Henry Goeb who has been conducting a bakery in the Hollstein Building in Tinley Park for several years, has sold out to Wm. Timmermann of Chicago, who is managing the business now.

Tinley Garden Club Holds 5th Flower Show

The Fifth Annual Flower Show of the Tinley Park Garden Club was held Thursday afternoon and evening at the Saenger hall in Tinley Park. Myriads of beautiful flowers and plants were on display. The hall had been transformed into a great flower garden. Many prizes were awarded. A complete account of the show together with a list of prize winners will be printed next week.

A very large crowd attended the show.

A. O. FOSKETT HEADS TINLEY LIONS CLUB

The Tinley Park Lions Club at their meeting held Monday night in the Tinley Park Village Hall, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, A. O. Fokett; 1st vice president, Clyde Rice; 2nd vice president, John Andres; 3rd vice president, Fred Hick; secretary, Leonard Nylander; Treasurer, G. Dini; lion tamer, Selby Hirsch; tail twister, Clyde Rice.

The installation will be held on June 22nd, and there will be refreshments and entertainment.

Break Ground For New \$59,000 School Addition

Ground has been broken for the new \$59,000 addition to the Tinley Park public school. The contractors are making rapid headway on the foundation work and the masons expect to be ready for the brick layers to commence work next week.

Vogt's Dept. Store Handle Frigidaires

Vogt's Department Store in Tinley Park will conduct a demonstration of Frigidaires this coming Saturday all day and evening. Everyone is invited.

Tinley Residents Want Village To Oil Streets

Quite a number of people in Tinley Park residing off the paved streets feel that the streets should be oiled to keep down the dust for the summer. They feel, however, that inasmuch as the village boards of Orland Park and Mokena make appropriations for the purchasing and application of road oil, that the Tinley Park board should do the same, instead of having the individual property owners buying the oil.

Those advocating the oiling of the streets would like to have Mayor Mohr consider this matter with his board.



The progress of civilization has changed with its wizardry the magic lamp that Aladdin sought long ago, into a compact and magic little bank book. This book entitles you to do what you will in so far as it lies in its power; travel, education, investments, security, freedom are your "open sesame" to success.

3 per cent paid on savings

ORLAND STATE BANK

TELEPHONE ORLAND PARK 61

The Plains of Abraham

By JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD

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WNU Service.

CHAPTER VIII

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Twenty minutes after Odd had revealed their hiding place Jeems and Toinette were standing in the sun. Mysterious things had happened in this time. Unseen hands had dragged the warrior from under the rocks. An interval had followed in which excitement gave way to solemn and low-voiced talk outside. Then some one had called in guttural, broken French commanding them to come out. They had obeyed, Jeems first, Toinette after him, and Odd last with the downcast air of a beast who knew he was in disgrace.

It was an astounding and unexpected reception by enemies at whose belts scalp were hanging. There were between twenty and thirty of the Senecas, splendidly built, keen-eyed, lean-faced, most of them young men. Even in the shock of the moment, Toinette surveyed them in startled admiration. They were like runners ready for a race. Staring at the youth with his bow and at the girl with her tangled, shining hair, the Indians returned their gaze with a look of amazement not unmixed with approval. They seemed scarcely able to believe these two had fooled them so completely, capturing one of their number in the bargain, yet conceded the fact with glances in which passion was held subdued.

A young savage who stood before them seemed largely responsible for this attitude. Purplish lines were around his throat as if a rope had choked him. Two of the eagle feathers in his tuft were broken, and his shoulder was bleeding where the skin had been torn by a jagged tooth of rock. Evidently he held considerable influence in the war party of which he was a member. Beside him was a much older man of even more powerful figure.

It was he who spoke in Seneca to the younger.

"So this is the boy who made my brave nephew a captive to be saved by the voice of a dog!"

The other scowled at the taunt in his voice.

"He could have killed me. He spared my life."

"This is the young he-fawn to whom you owe a feather from your tuft!"

"I owe him two—one for himself and one for the maiden whose presence must have stayed his hand."

The older man grunted.

"He looks strong and may stand to travel with us. But the girl is like a broken flower ready to fall in our path. She will cumber out feet and make our way more difficult, and great haste must be our choice. Use your hatchet on one and we will take the other."

At this command Jeems gave a sudden cry, and the faces of the savages relaxed in astonishment when he began to speak in their language. Hepsibah Adams' schooling had prepared him for this hour. His tongue stumbled, some of his words were twisted, there were gaps which only the imagination could fill, but he told his story. The Indians listened with an interest which assured Jeems they had not been a part of the force that had

attentively, and when the youth had finished, he spoke words which sent two of his men running down the ridge in the direction of Lussan's place. Then he asked questions which let Jeems know the Senecas had not gone as far as Lussan's, but that they had heard the gun, and in seeking for the one who had fired it, had stumbled upon their trail in the hardwood slope half a mile from the abandoned house.

When his brief questioning was over, Tiaoga turned his attention once more to the young man beside him.

"I think the boy is a great liar, and I have sent back for proof of it," he said. "If he has not sped an arrow through this friend of the Mohawks, as he claims, he shall die. If he has spoken the truth in the matter, which will be proof that he has spoken it in others, he may travel with us, and his companion also, until her feet tire so that death is necessary to bring her rest."

Toinette began to prepare herself for the ordeal, braiding her hair swiftly. Jeems came to her, and she saw the torture of doubt in his eyes.

"I can do it, Jeems," she cried softly. "I know what you were saying and what they were thinking, and I can do it. I will do it! I am going to live—with you. I love you so much that nothing can kill me, Jeems—not even their tomahawks!"

The tall young warrior approached. He at least was one friend among the many who stood about them.

"I am Shindas," he said. "We are going to a far town—a long way. It is Chenusio. There are many leagues of forests, of hills, of swamps between us and it. I am your friend because you have been a brother and allowed me to live, and I owe you two feathers from under the rocks because I did not want you to strike and be killed in turn. You love the white maiden. I, too, love a maiden."

The Seneca's words brought to Jeems not only hope but shock. These savages were from Chenusio, the Hidden Town—a place which even the adventurous Hepsibah Adams had looked upon as another world, a goal which he had dreamed of reaching in some day of reckless daring. Hidden Town! The heart and soul and mysterious Secret Place of the Seneca nation! It was a vast distance away. His uncle had once said, "You must be a strong man before you can travel to it. That is why the Senecas, who range far, are the finest of all two-legged beasts."

Shindas spoke again. "Tiaoga, my uncle, who is a great captain, will keep his word. He will kill the little fawn who is with you if her limbs fall her."

Jeems looked from his friend to Toinette. She had approached the fierce old warrior and was smiling into his face, her eyes aglow with confidence as she pointed to her ragged shoes. For a moment Tiaoga repulsed her advance with stoical indifference. Then he turned his back on her and gave a command which quickly put a prisoner's thong of buckskin around Jeems' neck and relieved him of his bow.

Down into the valley and through the forest the long, grim march began.

The two braves had returned with the white man's scalp and the broken arrow that had killed him. They talked excitedly, and Toinette could understand by their actions the story they were telling. It was the portrayal of a desperate struggle between their prisoner and the white-skinned Mohawk. They measured the difference in their weight and size. The broken arrow was compared with its fellows in the quiver.

Tiaoga spoke. "This youth shall go with us, and in turn for his brotherhood, we will take the maiden to fill the place of Silver Heels in my tepee. See that he is given the scalp which is his that he may have a feather in his tuft when we arrive." Then he spoke to Jeems: "You hear!" Then to Toinette: "You are Silver Heels. She was my daughter. She is dead."

No flash of emotion, no softening of his features, no sign of friendship crossed the chieftain's countenance. He turned and put himself at the head of his band, huge among his men, with the dignity of a king in his bearing.

Mr. Partnership, Esq., Is Applied To for Position

The following application for a job in answer to a want ad has been received by a Shanghai firm:

"Being an application to apply for the vacant that to advertisement for wanted a preferable one with godown and wharf experience assist in your office. I am a good experience for above firm and previous condition below. My name is Ah Foo-sz. I am 20 years old. My growth in the Shanghai of great China. I was graduated in the Wah Wah school and after for a clerk in the Chinese Eastern railway Yang Ka-doo wharf three years long. I have good knowledge of Chinese, English, Typist and other languages and I am trust one connection of godown and wharf experience and sal-

ing. One of the braves who had gone to Lussan's fastened the white man's scalp at Jeems' belt in spite of his protest and abhorrence.

Once more the westward march resumed its way—a single file of soft-footed, noiseless men with a girl midway in their line—a girl whose long dark braid gleamed in the shafts of the sun, whose cheeks were flushed, and whose eyes held something more than the depths of tragedy and grief as she looked ahead to the great adventure, and heard behind her the tread of a dog and the steps of the man she loved.

Toinette traveled easily in moccasins which had been given her. She was not as fragile as Jeems had thought when she had tried to keep up with him in her high-heeled shoes. Her slim body was strong and supple, her eyes quick, her feet sure. Shindas dropped back from man to man to see



Her Slim Body Was Strong and Supple.

that all was well, and his eyes gleamed with satisfaction when he measured how lightly Toinette was following those ahead of her. He fell in close to Jeems, and the two talked in low tones. Even Odd seemed to have changed now that he was a part of those whom he had mistrusted.

To an observer, the passing of the Senecas would have revealed no sign of peace or mercy. That it was a force chosen with care for a long and dangerous mission, there could be no doubt, and that it had met with success was equally certain. There were twenty-six scalps among its warriors, which was triumph in ample measure. Eighteen of these had been taken from men, five from women, and three from children.

Toinette was not afraid, though she could not account for her feeling of security. She was not only unafraid of Tiaoga, but there was something she liked about the man. She was sure he would not kill her. She spoke this conviction to Jeems when he was at her side. But Shindas had said to him, "I have greater hope, for she travels lightly and well. She must keep up. If she fails, Tiaoga will kill her even though he has chosen her to take the place of Silver Heels."

Toinette kept from Jeems the fact that she was growing tired and that sharp pains had begun to shoot like needles through the overtaxed muscles of her limbs.

When they stopped for a meal she ate an apple and half of a turnip, and Jeems brought her water in a birch-bark cup from the cold stream beside which they had camped.

He did not tell her the dark news he had learned—that there had been a great slaughter of the French under Baron Dieskau and that the southern frontier lay at the mercy of Sir William Johnson and his hordes of savages.

Nor did he tell her that because of trouble with a band of Mohawks, three of whose number had been left dead in a personal quarrel, Tiaoga planned to reach the Seneca stronghold in six days and nights.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Representative Frederick W. Renick, Buda, did excellent work in handling S. B. No. 196, when it passed in the house last week. The bill appropriates \$15,000 to the Grand Army of the Republic, department of Illinois, to defray the expenses of the national encampment of 1933 if the same is held in this state. The bill was introduced and pushed through the senate by Senator Andrew S. Cuthbertson.

According to an announcement made by Ralph Bradford, director of the department of conservation, the requests for pheasant eggs exceeds the supply, although the department expects to be able to send out about 60,000. Last year there were orders for about 40,000 pheasant eggs and only about three-fourths of the requests were filled. An increase of 50 per cent in the demand for eggs is expected for 1931, and the output will be twice the 1930 yield.

Commencement week exercises of the Illinois college, Jacksonville, will be held the week of June 6 to 10. Instructive and interesting programs have been arranged for mornings, afternoons and evenings of each day. Former students, graduates and all friends of the college are invited to attend.

A report from the corporation department in the office of William J. Stratton, secretary of state, shows that domestic corporations are increasing in number in this state while foreign corporations are decreasing. Between January 1, 1930, and April 30, 1930, 2,223 domestic corporations received certificates and for the same period in 1931, 2,346 certificates were issued. In the same period in 1930, 355 licenses to foreign corporations to transact business in this state were issued and in 1931 only 219.

A bill introduced by Representative M. E. Bray of Litchfield, providing that any cemetery lot in any cemetery association organized not for profit which has no person capable of holding title, shall escheat to the cemetery association, has been making progress in the house.

John E. Moyer of Dixon was elected president of the Illinois Association of Postmasters at the close of the annual convention recently held in Springfield. Other officers elected were Ben W. Landborg, Elgin, first vice president; C. W. Bishop, Carverville, second vice president; W. A. Fay, Jacksonville, secretary; Bess Reynolds, Fort Sheridan, treasurer. The executive committee will select a convention city in October. Invitations have been extended by Carbondale, Joliet and Peoria.

T. B. "Senator" Scouten, veteran sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was honored by members of that body on his eighty-third birthday, with the gift of a purse of \$400. He has been identified with the senate for 60 years. On behalf of the senate employees Minority Leader Thomas J. Courtney presented him with a gold-headed cane.

Representative A. O. Galvin of Chicago, following passage of two of his bills in the house relating to criminal laws, has now had them read for the second time in the senate. One amends the law so as to make provisions of an act for the restoration of civil rights applicable to persons sentenced to reformatories or correctional institutions, while the other makes provisions of a section pertaining to infamous crimes applicable to persons sentenced to the reformatory at Pontiac and women's prison at Joliet.

Over two hundred nurses who are employed by public authorities will be affected by the new law which requires each to obtain from the department of registration and education a certificate for public health nursing. The law makes possible a great extension of public health nursing work and will have the effect of raising the professional qualifications of public health nurses in this state. Senator Florence Fifer Bohrer was the instigator of the bill which became a law.

The report of the Lincoln Memorial highway committee suggesting the route for Illinois section of the Hodgenville, Ky., to Beardstown memorial highway has been presented to Gov. Louis L. Emmerson and Director H. H. Cleaveland of the department of public works and buildings. Details of the routing may be held up until the report goes to the legislature.

A bill increasing the tax which may be levied for educational purposes from 1½ per cent to 2 per cent, and the maximum tax which may be levied for building purposes from one-half of 1 per cent to 1 per cent, has been read for the second time in the house. It was introduced by Representative Otto A. Buck, of Villa Park.

F. Bonner Leonard, of Champaign, has been named as the Republican candidate for Circuit judge of the Sixth district by delegates from the central committees of six counties.

The conservation department officials, Ralph F. Bradford, director, and his assistant, R. E. Duvall, took part in the annual battle against birds of prey held by the Kendall county crowd near the Yorkville state game farm, to learn how it is conducted. They expect to urge state-wide adoption of this means whereby crows, hawks and owls are exterminated. This is considered an important conservation measure as crows and hawks destroy more quail each year than all the hunters.

A state emergency council will be created in Illinois if the bill of Representative Wm. M. Carroll, of Woodstock, continues to meet with the favor it did in the house, where it passed. This council is to co-operate with officials of the state in case of flood, tornado, fire, earthquake, pestilence or similar condition.

In order that temporary relief may be provided for the poor in counties of 500,000 or more inhabitants, both branches of the legislature have passed a bill introduced by Representative Joseph H. Donahue, of Chicago. It authorizes county boards to issue bonds not exceeding \$2,000,000 without referendum, provided it shall first pay \$500,000 out of its general resources during the year.

Authority by the Illinois commerce commission has been given the Central Illinois Public Service company for issuance and sale of 15,219 shares of preferred capital stock without par value, the stock to be sold so as to net the company not less than \$90 per share and the proceeds to be used for reimbursement of the company's treasury for money expended for discharge and retirement of its 4½ per cent serial gold notes and for reimbursement for money actually expended for acquisition of property.

At the third reading of the bill of Representative Henry G. Hawkins, of Galesburg, amending the revenue act, May 12, further consideration was postponed. The bill provided that the state should be deemed the purchaser of property forfeited to it at a sale for nonpayment of taxes, and that two years after such forfeiture the state could give a tax deed to any purchaser of such property not subject to redemption.

Representative Charles J. Jenkins, of Chicago, has introduced a bill providing that if any life, health or accident insurance company or burial association shall fail or refuse to pay a benefit or indemnity after the same is due and demand is made therefor, that such insurance company or burial association shall pay to the beneficiary an attorney's fee of 15 per cent of the amount of the judgment secured to enforce the payment of such benefit or indemnity. Its passage has been recommended by the house committee on insurance.

House Bill 812 providing that one trustee shall be elected by the voters of each district in a village instead of all trustees being elected by an entire village has been read in the house for the second time. Representative Edward M. Overland, of Chicago, is sponsoring the bill.

The Lantz state income tax bill made another step toward adoption when the house of representatives returned to their sessions May 26. Amendments proposed by its sponsors were adopted and those proposed by its enemies defeated. One of the most important amendments was offered by Representative Logan D. Griffin, of Springfield, designed to make the income tax, if passed, a real replacement tax in lieu of other taxes.

Up to May 4 Illinois had added 120.52 miles of pavement to its state and county highway systems this season. The number of men directly employed at road work during the week ending May 14 was 5,000.

Officials of the Illinois State Teachers' association expect to move their offices into the new building at First and Edwards street in Springfield soon. The building faces the grounds upon which the capitol and centennial buildings stand.

Among the various bills considered by the committee on civil service in the house is one introduced by Representative James P. Boyle of Chicago, providing that policemen and firemen injured in the performance of their duties shall be given preference with ex-service men for appointment and promotion.

The bill of Representative P. J. Breen of Vermilion Grove, providing that the commanding officer of an armory may permit its use for the purpose of holding amateur boxing contests or exhibitions for charity, has been passed in the house and is now being considered in the senate.

Judge Norman L. Jones, of Carrollton, and Judge A. Clay Williams, of Pittsfield, have announced their candidacy for justice of the Supreme court for the Second district to succeed Justice William M. Farmer, of Vandalia, whose resignation takes effect July 1.

A bill for a mortgage securities commission of three, appointed by the governor, by whom all mortgage securities to be sold must be qualified, has been introduced in the house by Representative Arthur E. Fischer of Chicago.

LEADING RADIO PROGRAMS

(Time given is Eastern Standard; subtract one hour for Central and two hours for Mountain time.)

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 14
6:30 p. m. RCA Victor Program.
7:30 p. m. Chase and Sanborn.
8:15 p. m. Alway's Kent Radio Hour.
8:45 p. m. Iodent Club of the Air.
9:15 p. m. National Dairy Productions.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
1:30 p. m. Yeast Foamers.
7:15 p. m. Collier's Radio Hour.
8:45 p. m. Westinghouse Salute.
9:30 p. m. Kellogg Slumber Music.
10:15 p. m. Heel Hugger Harmonies.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
1:30 p. m. Ballad Hour.
3:00 p. m. Cathedral Hour.
4:35 p. m. Sweetheart Hour.
6:00 p. m. The World's Business.
7:00 p. m. Devils, Drugs and Doctors.
8:30 p. m. Graham-Paige Hour.
9:00 p. m. Royal's Poet of the Organ.
9:30 p. m. Fortune Builders.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 15
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
9:30 p. m. Empire Builders.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 16
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
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COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 17
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
9:30 p. m. Empire Builders.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 18
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
9:30 p. m. Empire Builders.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 19
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
9:30 p. m. Empire Builders.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 20
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
9:30 p. m. Empire Builders.

COLUMBIA SYSTEM
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8:45 a. m. Old Dutch Girl.
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1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
5:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 21
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motors Program.

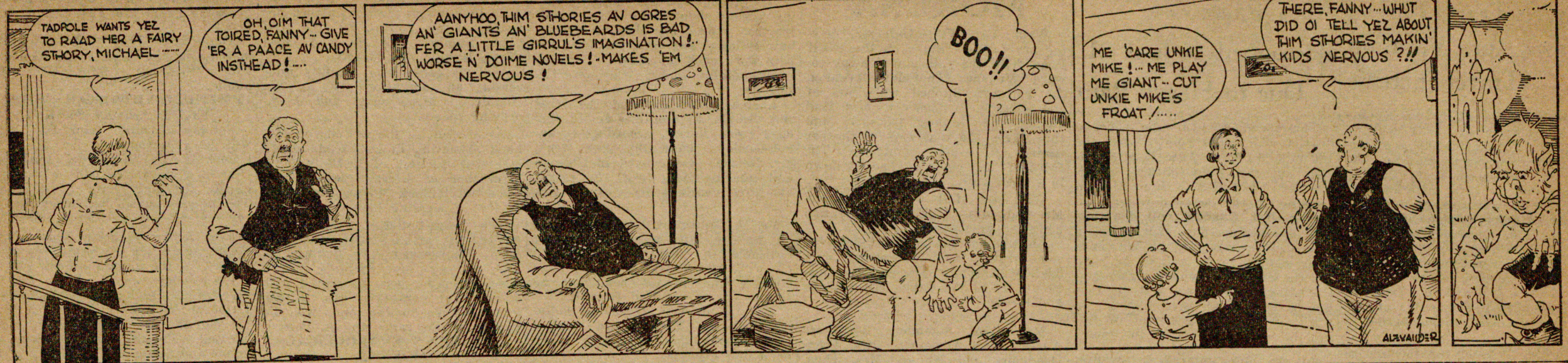
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK
12:30 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
4:30 p. m. Chats: Peggy Winthrop.
5:45 p. m. Literary Digest.
6:00 p. m. Pepesodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
8:15 p. m. Tastyest Jesters.
7:30 p. m. Gold Medal Express.
8:00 p. m. Maytag Orchestra.
8:30 p. m. Chesapeake Real Folks.
9:00 p. m. Strombell's Carillon.
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COLUMBIA SYSTEM
8:30 a. m. Tony's Scrap Book.
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1:00 p. m. Columbia Farm Community.
1:30 p. m. American School of the Air.
2:15 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
3:00 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
4:00 p. m. U. S. Navy Band.
4:45 p. m. Eno Crime Club.
5:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
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6:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
6:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
7:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
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8:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
8:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:00 p. m. The Fuller Man.
9:30 p. m. The Fuller Man.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—June 22
8:15 a. m. Campbell's Orchestra.
9:30 a. m. Jean Carroll.
10:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:45 p. m. Pirate's Treasure Hunt.
7:30 p. m. A & P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m

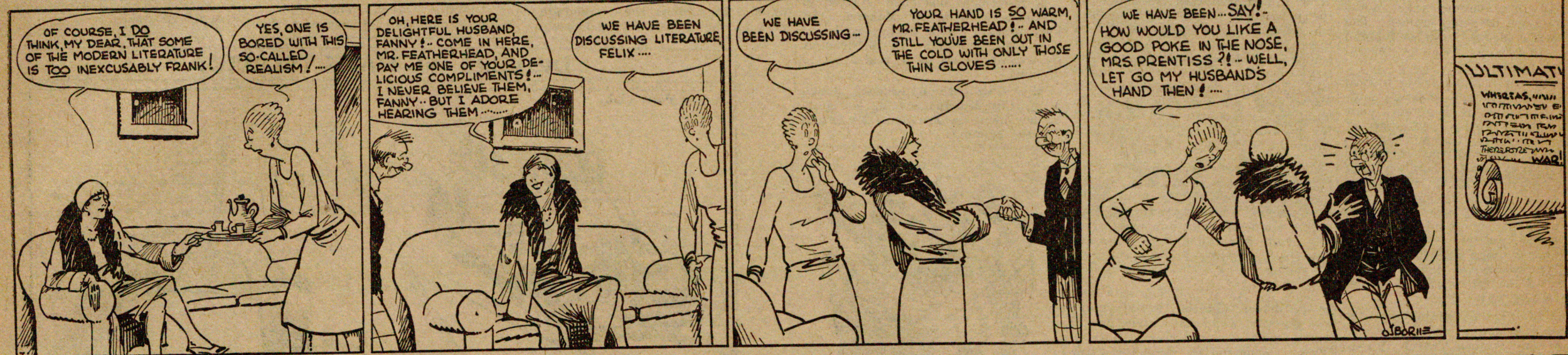
FINNEY OF THE FORCE

By F. O. Alexander
(© by Western Newspaper Union)

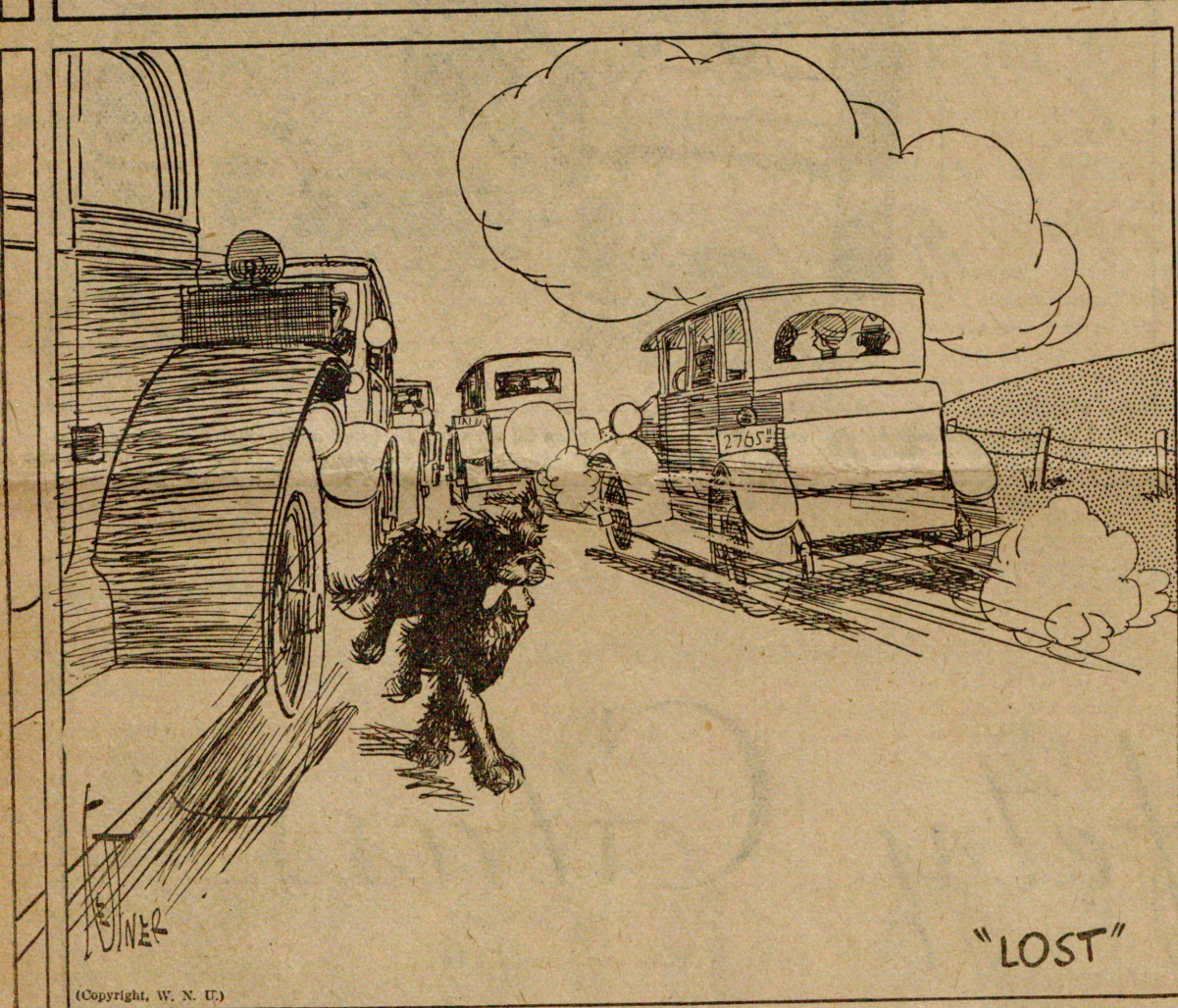


THE FEATHERHEADS

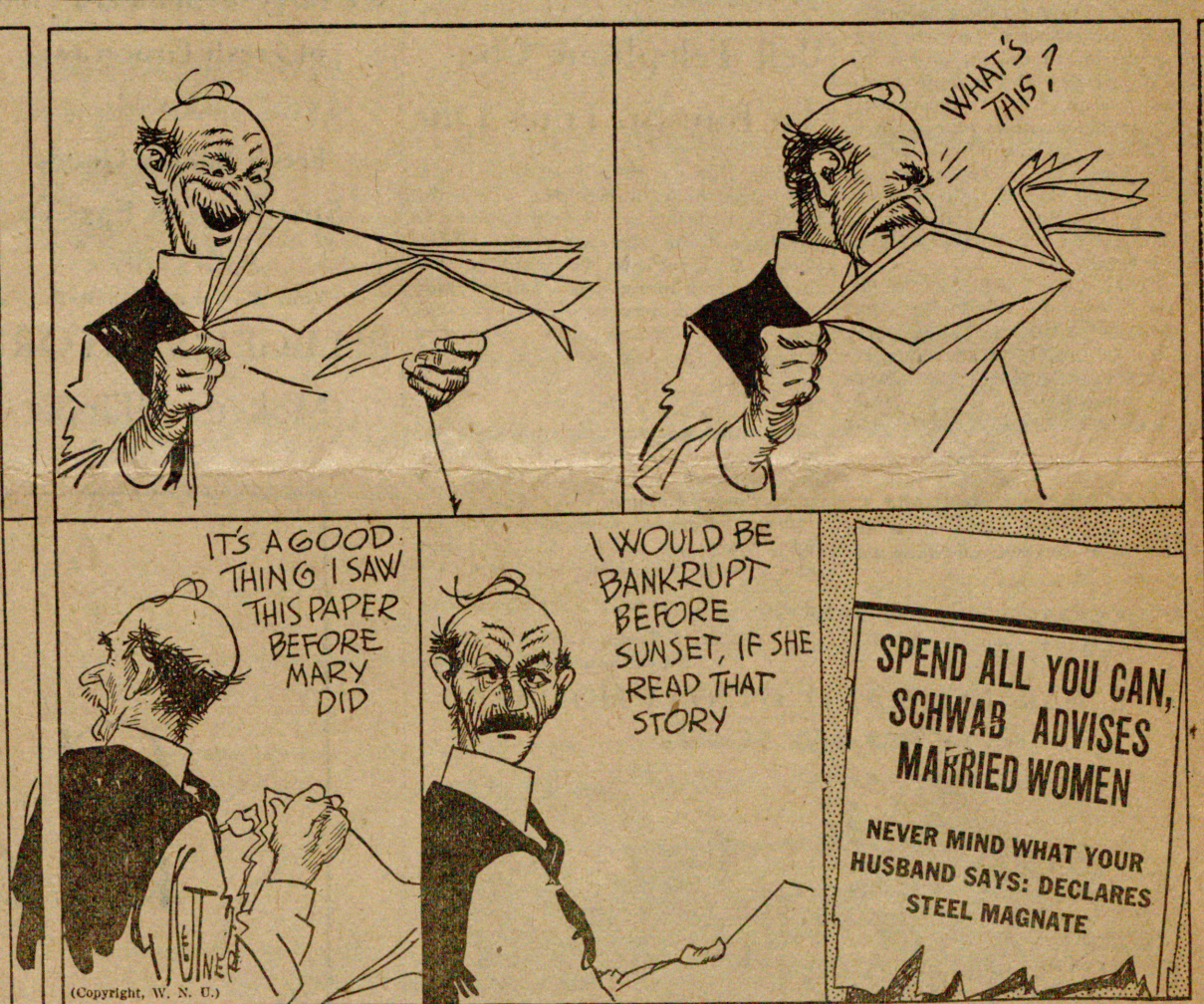
By Osborne
(© by Western Newspaper Union)



Along the Concrete



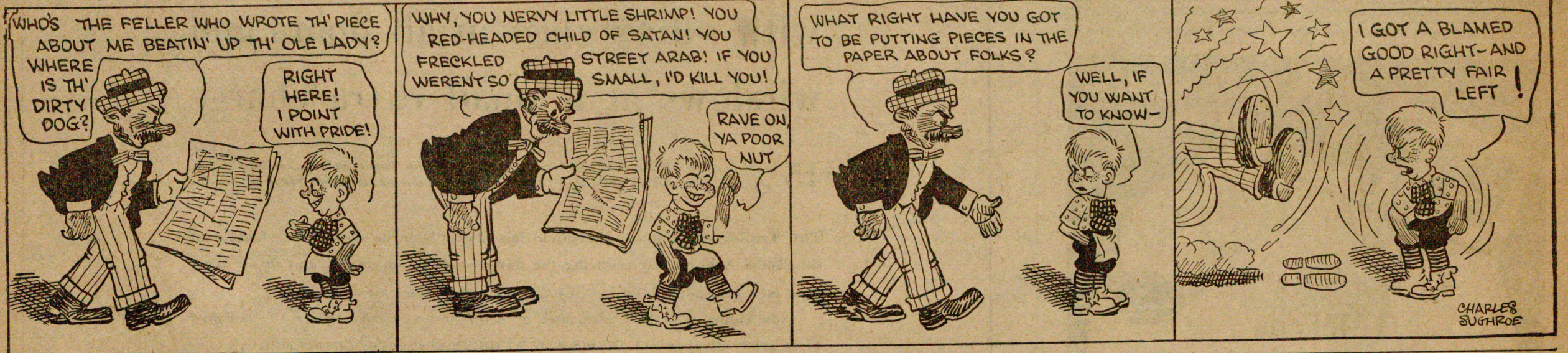
The Home Censor



MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL

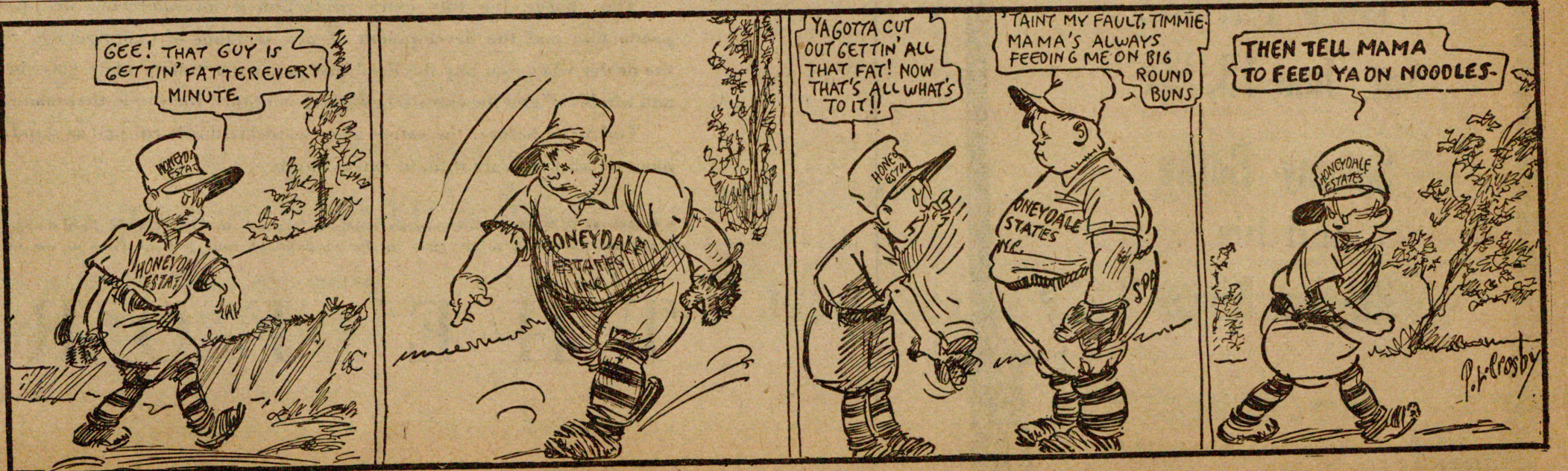
By Charles Sughrue
(© Western Newspaper Union)

First Be Sure You Got a Good Right



The Clancy Kids

Timmie Suggests a Diet



Conoco Travel Bureau Shows Auto Vacation Travel Increase

Automobile vacation travel during the summer of 1931 will be even greater than during previous years, if indications now in the hands of the Conoco Travel Bureau, Denver, may be as a criterion. Requests for the services of this motor or tour planning service are far ahead of 1930, according to a statement of the Bureau director. Nearly a fifty percent increase in the number of travelers asking for tour plans and maps has been reached during the first four months of this year over a corresponding period in 1930.

An estimate based on the figures compiled to date by the Conoco Travel Bureau indicates that of the 26,000,000 automobiles owners in the United States not less than one-half will this summer take motor vacation trips of some nature. The trips will range from week-end jaunts to tours totaling several thousand miles.

"There is a definite swing toward the carefully planned vacation motor tour," says E. S. Karstedt, chairman of the board of directors of the Conoco Travel Bureau. "In offering the services of our bureau to the public to plan every detail of the automobile trip, furnish maps, etc., we find a rapidly increasing response. A staff of over a score of trained people is required in our Denver headquarters to route tours, mark maps, issue information and attend to the myriad details of helping the American motorist to see America and enjoy it."

Karstedt further states that the growing response to the no-cost services of the Conoco Travel Bureau is largely due to effective newspaper advertising. "We are advertising this service in newspapers more widely this year than last," he says, "approximately 400 newspapers are carrying our advertising messages to more than 10,000,000 readers."

"In our advertising we are urging the motorist to take a motor vacation. We stress the scenic beauties and historically interesting spots of America and endeavor to create an urge to see them. In addition we outline our tour-planning service and tell of the Conoco Passport which entitles the holder to special courtesies at service stations along the road."

"The greater part of this advertising is just now appearing, but early returns assure us that many thousands of motorists will respond. It seems certain that there will be a considerably larger number of motor vacationists this year than last."

Sea Influences Volcanoes

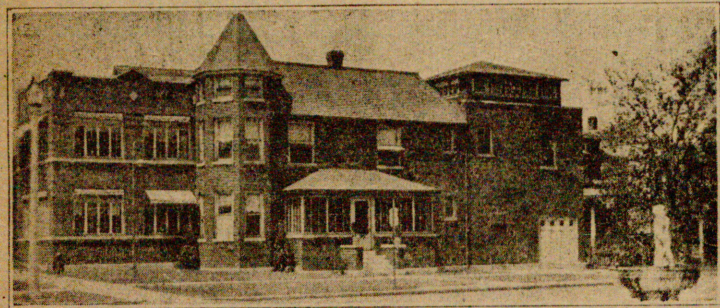
The most active volcanic regions are the ones nearest the sea.—Science Service

Talbot John Howe Correll, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

John Ellison Correll, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT HOSPITAL

REFRACTION AND GLASSES



Vincennes Avenue and 16th St. CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILLINOIS

Auto Races Are Postponed to June 21 Due to Heavy Rain

The speed fans of the Chicago district while disappointed that the 100 mile A. A. A. Auto Race scheduled for the Roby-Chicago speedway was postponed to June 21st on account of the heavy downpour all during last Sunday will doubtless gain by the postponement as many new drivers who would not have their mounts ready will be on hand for the event on Sunday, June 21.

Another advantage will be that the drivers will all have a chance to work out over the fast oval all during the week previous to the race.

All the stars entered in the first big league race in this district in years were on hand and the list looks like a page out of "Who's Who in Auto Racing", headed by the new Champion Louie Schneider who will drive his Bowes Seal Fast Special with which he won the great Indianapolis Race, Fred Frame who was second to Schneider, Ralph Hepburn third, and the great Louie Meyer and all the others were on hand ready to run and stayed on the grounds until three o'clock long after the event was called off.

Thousands of speed hungry fans traveled to the track even in the heavy rain and milled around the grounds in hope that the century grind would be held, and even after the event was called they examined the costly mounts of the great stars of racing.

The A. A. A. officials said that every driver entered would return for the 21st and that entries would be opened to additional entries. This is expected to swell the entry list to twenty or more and the spectators will get the benefit of the rainout. Elimination trials will be run on Sunday morning June 21st and the big event at three in the afternoon.

Bell Telephone Co., To Buy St. Louis Line

The Illinois Bell Telephone company has been authorized by the Illinois Commerce Commission to purchase from the American Telephone & Telegraph company a portion of its Chicago-St. Louis pole line located between Willow Springs and Joliet which the American Company had proposed to dismantle. The price to be paid is \$5,026.24.

The Bell company maintains lines upon these poles, which if dismantled would force the Bell Company to reroute its lines.

The American Company will receive more by selling the pole line than it will if it were salvaged.

MOKENA

While Mrs. Willis Hall was driving her father's Buick on the Wolf Road from the Lincoln highway toward Mokena Thursday evening, the car was ditched when one of the wheels hit a deep rut. Mrs. Hall applied the brakes instantly and this threw the rear end of the car against a bridge abutment. The front of the car was headed down in a deep gully.

With Mrs. Hall were her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Wachter, and daughter Madeline.

Luckily no one was hurt only for some bruises, and the car was only slightly damaged. The car was raised up out of the ditch with a block and tackle.

Mrs. Wm. Semmler, daughters Adeline and Adamarie, Mrs. Hugh Deadmore and Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Oestreich, the latter three of Joliet, attended the Naperville Centennial celebration, Friday afternoon.

A movement has been started to organize a band in Mokena. The idea appears to be taking well and it is hoped the plan will go through. A five band would be a real asset to Mokena.

Miss Elizabeth Krusemarck, teacher in the Mokena school, has gone to her home in Trueman, Minnesota for the summer.



We carry a Standard Line of Fresh Groceries also Fresh Bakery Goods Strictly Fresh Eggs on Sale Daily Your Patronage Invited.
PFLEGER'S STORE
Mokena, Illinois

Mr. Strong who has been operating a shoe shop in the Frick building, has moved his shop to Marley, but collects and delivers shoe repair work each morning.

Mrs. Mollie Jackson is on the sick list.

Karl Kraus is to head the local Boy Scouts as scoutmaster to succeed Louis Nelson, according to announcement made the past week. Mr. Nelson is employed in Chicago and due to night work he is not able to continue his scout work here.

Mr. E. Bedson of Morris met with an accident last week, a chunk of coal weighing about 12 pounds fell off of a Rock Island engine and striking him on the head but no serious injury resulted from it.

Quite a number of Mokena ladies attended the Tinley Park Garden Club Flower show Thursday afternoon and evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bedson and son Jack of Morris, Ill. spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. A. Poirier.

Mr. Andrew Poirier and Edward Martie are doing the remodeling work on the Christe Sipple house.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Poirier had as their guests Sunday afternoon, Sisters of Mr. Poirier, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stanley and Mr. and Mrs. Christ Hansen of Chicago.

William Jones who recently underwent an operation for an eye trouble, is home again and is improving nicely.

As a result of the writeup on Mokena appearing in last Wednesday's mid-week section of the Daily News, a number of Chicago people have come out to look Mokena over with a view of locating here.

The News-Bulletin of June 5th printed an article, "Memorial Day goes Unobserved in Mokena". I wish to say my Father's grave, George Smith, was decorated with a beautiful geranium, also a flag, many thanks to the one, who did that in all the rain. Mrs. A. Poirier.
ST. JOHN'S EVANGELICAL MOKENA

Rev. G. G. Bratzel, pastor Sunday, June 14, "Children's Day". Sunday school session at 9:00 a. m. 10:00 a. m. English Church service for Children's Day. The children should attend the services with the

parents. The sermon topic will be: "Lessons From the Little Things in Life".

Thursday, June 18. Monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid Society with "Birthday Coffee" for the public.

IMMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH
Paul E. Schauer, Minister

Sunday morning, June 14, there will be a German service at 10:00 o'clock in the Immanuel Lutheran church. This service will be conducted by the Rev. Paul E. Schauer. The Sunday school will meet for its regular meeting at 9:00 o'clock.

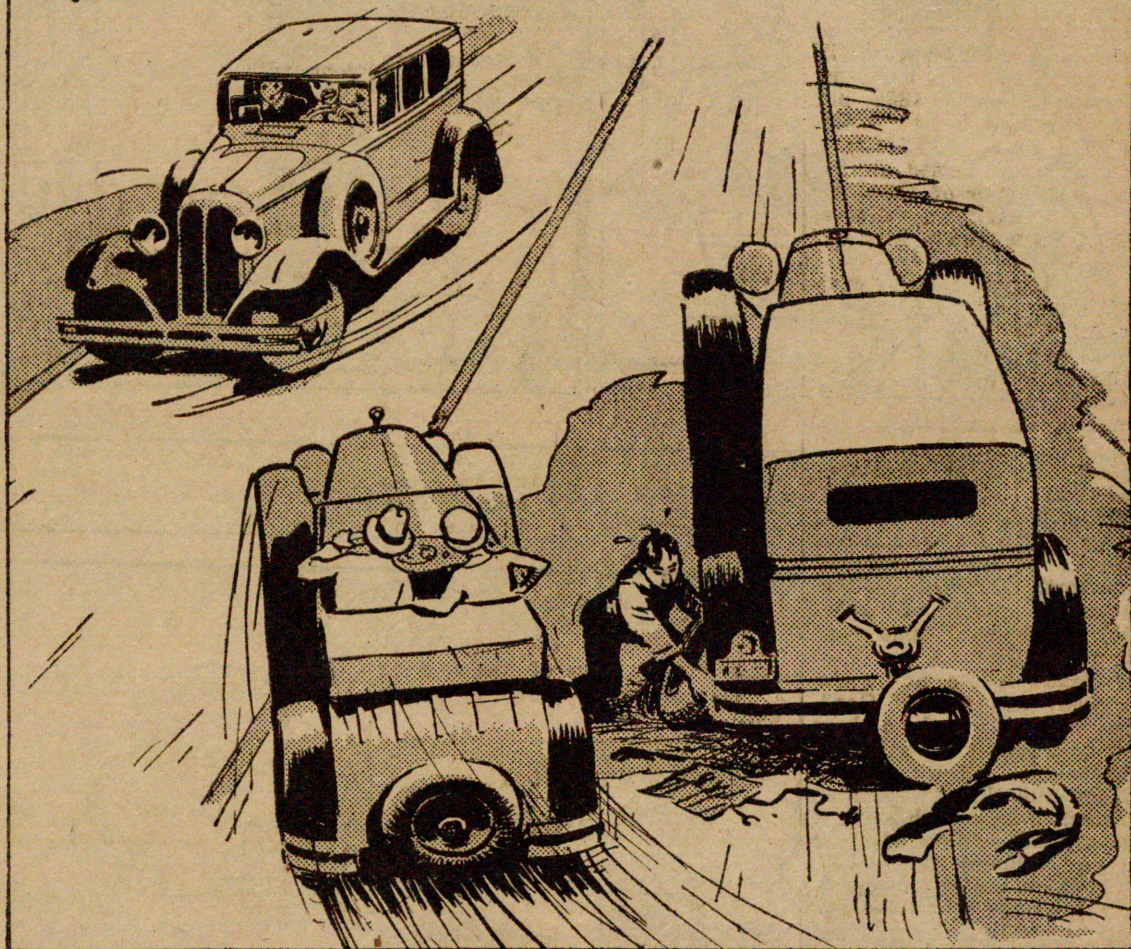
The Saturday Bible school will meet again on Saturday at 1:00 o'clock in the church schoolroom.

On Sunday June 21, there will be no services conducted in Immanuel Lutheran church. The interior of the church will be repaired and decorated. Regular services will be conducted again on June 28, at 10 o'clock.

Friday evening at 8 o'clock the Mokena Lutheran Young People's society will hold its regular business and social meeting in the home of Esther Hellmuth.

DRIVERS WE HATE TO MEET

Chicago Motor Club



The fellow who puts himself and others in danger when he parks on the road while changing a tire.

Safety Glass

Ford cars are now equipped with safety glass in all doors and windows at a small extra charge

\$15 for the Coupe, De Luxe Coupe, Sport Coupe or Convertible Cabriolet \$20 for the Tudor Sedan, Standard Sedan, De Luxe Sedan, Town Sedan or Victoria

THE Triplex safety glass windshield has always been an outstanding feature of the Model A Ford. By reducing the dangers of flying glass, it has saved many lives and prevented countless injuries in automobile collisions.

Now comes a further assurance of safety to every Ford owner... polished plate safety glass in ALL DOORS AND WINDOWS at slight additional cost.

The charge for this extra protection is unusually low because of large production and the development of new methods of manufacture. Simply tell the dealer when you buy the Ford that you want "safety plate glass in all doors and windows" and the car will be factory-equipped for you in that manner.

Today, as before, the safety glass windshield is furnished as standard equipment on all Ford cars without extra charge.

FORD OWNERS This announcement refers only to NEW CARS. Ford dealers are not in a position to install safety glass in the windows of your present Ford at the above prices.

T H E F O R D



DANCE

To FAMOUS MUSIC

at the
Mokena

Dance Pavilion

Sat. June 13, '31

Sammy Berke

and his

Rhythm Kings

Dancing from 8:30 p. m. to 1 a. m., Standard Time

Dancing every Saturday Night



DON C. HALL

of Mokena who has been and is now traveling in the Southland—

SAYS:

commenting on the Southern Political situation as viewed by the visitor.

Mississippi Multiple Savors

"Oh save me from myself lest I perish," is the agonized cry that is going up, in this Eminent Commonwealth of the South today, and the cry is being answered by a number of aspiring applicants for saving honors.

Unfortunately these are they that have either been here, more or less conversant with or closely associated with the States affairs during the years of Political strife that has been responsible for the present critical condition confronting the people.

There is little or nothing of a trustworthy nature in most of these would be, deceives of the bondage freeing Moses. No sign has been given that would separate them from the common run of Political magicians, jugglers, and necromancers and their past and present incapacity as true leaders of a needy populace.

That order will eventually prevail, there is no doubt, but "hope does not lie" in the direction of the possible "saving grace" of any of the present Gubernatorial aspirants.

Most of them are "in up to the neck" either in the "slough" of incompetency, as evidenced by "past performances" in time of need or in the mire of intrigue from which they are vainly striving to extricate themselves.

One aspiring "trader" who would swap his hat for a crown, seems to be drawing considerable attention to himself and his candidacy, quite immune from the shafts of criticism because, he has never done anything.

Born and reared in the shadows of the tall pines, he has held himself aloof from association with the Political interests of the State, just "hasn't done a thing" to connect himself with anything but his own private interests in continuing the financial success of an inherited-milling and lumbering industry, and now he leaps, with one tremendous bound, out of his obscurity and seclusion and with a grand flourish announces to the astonished electors "here I am, you can't fix a thing on me, I wasn't there."

This man may be the Savior of Mississippi's future, but the question persists in arising with some of the natives, and that question seems to be pertinent—"Has this

man the requisite knowledge and has he the capable qualities for proficiency as a Chief Executive of a great commonwealth of whose affairs he certainly can know nothing if knowing of the deplorable State of affairs, which have not grown in a day, in connection with the State and its worthy institutions, has he not been grossly negligent of an important duty, which should have prompted him to present himself for service, giving at least his moral support in the task of adjusting the intricate financial situation."

Is there not cause for grave suspicion that this eleventh hour halo seeker has back of him some ulterior motives and that his induction into the Seat of Honor may mean just "more of the same and God help us for we cannot help ourselves."

I know that there are thousands, like myself who "come down here" every year, who have been "viewing with alarm" the growing situation, who would shake hands with the native citizens in mutual satisfaction and contentment satisfied that order might be brought out of chaos, should they draft a man for service as Chief Executive who has in reality proved himself, a man known at home and abroad, interested, broad minded, and capable—someone who has a reputation for meeting emergency with smiling energy, helpful as a harmonizing booster, a man capable of accomplishing "big" things in a "big" way, a man with an appeal not only to the local tax paying Electorate but to the Stranger, within the gates.

I suggest Hon. John J. Kennedy, mayor of Biloxi, Mississippi, as an acceptable candidate for Governor. He has the capacity to do for the State what he has done for his home city and the Coast Country. LET'S GO.

NEW LENOX

The Lions club held its regular meeting Thursday night in the Boy Scout cabin. After the regular business session, which was conducted by the president, David Lockwood, the annual election of officers was held. The following officers were elected: President, Fred Haynes; vice-president, Amos Bruns; secretary and treasurer, Ray Osmus; lion tamer, Ceward Batson, jr.; tail twister, Charles Pease; directors, John Warning and William Drake. Refreshments were served by Ceward Batson, jr., and Amos Bruns. The next meeting of the club will be held Thursday night, June 18, after the regular monthly luncheon to be served in the M. E. church

dining room. The members of the New Lenox grade school band will be guests of the club at this meeting.

The pupils, teachers and parents of districts 121, 124, 125 and 126 held their annual picnic in Highland Park, Wednesday.

The Royal Neighbor camp sponsored a hard time dance in the Uch hall, Saturday night.

Eighth grade pupils from New Lenox township who received diplomas in the Joliet township high school were: Florence Bush, Alice Deal, Woodrow Gould, Leona Jungles, Fred C. Francis, Romayne McLaughlin, LeRoy Krohn, Mildred Mithka, Robert Taylor, Herman Mellema, Nellie Hafka, Phyllis Black, Alice Berens and Loretta Schaeffer.

The Boy Scouts spent Friday night in the Fred Francis woods. Everette Gublickson, senior patrol leader, cut his hand severely while preparing the wood for the camp fire.

The Women's Missionary society of the M. E. church met in the home of Mrs. Henry Stary, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Alma Thornburg and pupils of the Gougar school enjoyed a picnic in Highland Park, Wednesday.

Mrs. Leonard Harriet and daughter, Janet, have returned to their home in Chicago after spending several days in the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Farrer.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Rought, of Chicago have moved into their cottage on Cedar street for the summer.

The condition of Frank Townsend, who has been ill in Silver Cross hospital for some time is improving.

Kenneth Gillette, who has been attending school at Oklahoma college, spent several days with relatives in this vicinity enroute to his home in Cle Elum, Washington.

Miss Helen Francis, a teacher in the Morris high school, and her sister Miss Ann, who teaches in the school for the blind at Jacksonville, are both home for the summer vacation.

DANCE

at Auditorium,
MONEE FAIR GROUNDS
MONEE, ILLINOIS
Saturday Evening,
June 13, 1931

Prizes Awarded. Music by First Class Orchestra. Best of order. Admission 50c a person Given by Fair Association.

Legal Notices

PROBATE NOTICE

Estate of Ernst Borms Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Ernst Borms late of Frankfort in the County of Will and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that they will appear before the Probate Court of Will County, at the Court House in Joliet, at the August Term, on the first Monday in August next (being the Third day of said month), at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1931.

Albert Borms
Frieda Borms
Executors, as aforesaid
Albert H. Krusemark, Attorney

PROBATE NOTICE

Estate of Minnie Weitendorf Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Minnie Weitendorf late of Frankfort, in the County of Will and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the Probate Court of Will County, at the Court House in Joliet, at the August Term, on the first Monday in August next (being the Third day of said month), at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1931.

William Weitendorf
Executor, as aforesaid
Albert H. Krusemark, Attorney

Money spent here
for printing buys
Quality
Work

OLD TIME
DANCE

—given by—

THE CLARION CONCERTINA CLUB

Saenger Hall, Tinley Park, SAT., JUNE 20

MUSIC BY THE CLUB

ADMISSION 50C A PERSON

Entree 8 p. m.

ICE ICE ICE



When the weather
gets warm you need
Ice. Place your order
now for delivery.

Deliveries made
daily or when desired

Wm. Jones

"The Ice Man"

MOKENA, ILL.

PHONE NEW LENOX 34-W-1

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of Agents, Jobbers, Brokers, Manufacturers Samples

Hundreds of Bargains like those listed below are now on sale



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Men's 1 or 2
Pants Suits
\$9, \$13, \$19

50 ft. Garden Hose \$2.98
Screen Enamel quart at only 27c
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Never sold less than 1.25 to 1.50.
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SAMPLE TAMS 15c
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SAMPLE SHIRTS

Made from fast color broadcloth in white and colors. These shirts have collar attached and made externally good.—
Boys' sizes 12 to 14 and Men's 14 to 17. Choice each

50c



Sample Silk Hose

Pure thread silk—full fashioned. All the new colors. Values \$1.00 to \$2.25—special, pair,

49c



SAMPLE DRESSES

\$1, \$2, \$3

BLANKETS

70x80 Extra Sizes

each \$1

Buy at
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White Store
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"There is Only One White Store in Joliet"
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No one Can
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"We offer certified proofs for Germ-Processed Oil, instead of claims... and ask you to judge for yourself!"



IN Conoco's files are the official A. A. A. certificates of performance of Conoco Germ-Processed Motor Oil in the Pike's Peak Tests; at Indianapolis and at Altoona. Each one tells a story of accomplishment until then unequalled by any stock motor oil.

... and letters from motorists, telling how Germ-Processed has saved repair bills; how it has

lowered operating costs; how it has made starting easier; are on file in large numbers. The proof of Germ-Processed claims is definite and conclusive. The one remaining step is for you to check the proof. An oil so widely commended is worthy of a test. Judge it for yourself. Have your crankcase filled with Conoco Germ-Processed oil today, at the nearest sign of the Conoco Red Triangle. All grades 35¢ per quart.



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Travel with a Conoco Passport. . . . Send an outline of your proposed motor trip or let us help plan your trip. Get a Conoco passport, individually marked maps and other travel helps. . . . all FREE! More than thirty thousand motorists used this service in the season just passed. CONOCO TRAVEL BUREAU • Denver, Colorado.

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Local distributors of
CONOCO GASOLINE
Kerosene and Lubricating Oil
'BE THRIFTY, CALL MOKENA 50'

General Pershing's Story of the A. E. F.

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By General John J. Pershing

CHAPTER XX—Continued.

As the situation in which we found ourselves regarding artillery ammunition was approaching a crisis, it became necessary to lay the whole question before the interallied munitions board. After a full investigation of their resources, both the French and British concluded that they could undertake to meet our requirements, with the distinct understanding that their plants must be greatly increased in capacity and that we should furnish raw materials promptly.

The late Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of the War department general staff, represented us in the allied conference and reported results and agreements reached. He had brought the latest data from home and his knowledge concerning steel and munitions enabled him to give valuable assistance to my chief of ordnance in our efforts to find a solution to the difficult munitions problem.

A letter from Secretary of War Baker, dated September 10, had only recently been received, and gave me an idea of some of his problems. In part he wrote as follows:

"I am especially concerned that our troops should not be engaged in actual fighting in France until they are there in such numbers and have made such thorough preparation that their first appearance will be encouraging both to their own morale and to the spirit of our people here. I think it goes without saying that the Germans will make a very special effort to strike swiftly and strongly against any part of the line which we undertake to defend, in order to be able to report to their people encouragingly about our participation and also with the object of discouraging our soldiers and our people as much as possible.

"In the matter of selecting corps and division commanders I constantly feel that I ought to have your advice and judgment. From all that you have said, supplemented by all I have learned elsewhere, the need for young and physically strong men is apparent and I am perfectly willing to go any limit in meeting this requirement.

"It will, of course, necessitate passing over a substantial number of our older generals who are very eager to go to France and who, in their own ideas and that of the country, have certain right to be preferred. But their occupation here in the training of troops is, of course, a valuable contribution to the cause and, whenever I can feel sure in the selection of the younger man that he actually has the capacity to develop to a sufficient extent to justify his being preferred to a man of greater experience I shall not hesitate."

Mobilizing of Army Delayed.

In view of the emergency that was so clearly set forth by the Joffre and Balfour missions when they visited the United States, and which was confirmed after my arrival in France and reported with all emphasis, I have never been able to understand the unnecessary delay caused by waiting six months for the construction of large cantonments before calling out men and assembling them for training.

Of course it was particularly urgent that the specialists and laborers needed in France to build up our facilities should have been provided as fast as they could be profitably employed, but nothing should have postponed the immediate mobilization of the combat units of the regular army and the National Guard.

CHAPTER XXI

The units of the Twenty-sixth division, Maj. Gen. Clarence Edwards commanding, began to arrive the latter part of September, continued during October and the early part of November, and were now assembled in the billeting area near Neufchateau.

I inspected the division November 11, 1917, and found the various organizations presented a very creditable appearance. The officers seemed alert and military and the personnel looked strong and vigorous. Their instruction had been carried out under the direction of Brigadier General Traub, one of the brigade commanders, and seemed to be well advanced.

The probable situation as to man power in which the allies would find themselves in the spring was causing much solicitude. The Germans had captured Riga in September. Kerensky's power was at an end and the bolshevik government was established, with Lenin and Trotsky in control. The situation was such that Russia had become entirely negligible as far as assistance to the allies was concerned.

An analysis of the possible strength of the contestants showed that Germany would be able to spare a considerable number of divisions from the Russian front. Careful study by my staff, in co-operation with the allied staffs, had led to the conclusion that her total number in the west by spring would be as many as 217, not counting the possibility of the added strength of forty-eight divisions from Austria. The greatest number the allies could muster, according to estimates, would be 109 divisions, counting two American. Italy could not be counted on to do more than barely hold her own,

even with the help of the eleven allied divisions then on that front.

Other American divisions might possibly be in Europe by May 1 if they should arrive according to schedule, which was doubtful, but they would be too late to participate in the expected early spring campaign. At the low rate of arrival we should not have more than half of the twenty-one divisions promised by the War department ready for service by June.

Outcome Depended on America.

In this war, where the battle lines extended across entire countries, and in which the qualities of the opponents were about equal, the strategic aspect largely resolved itself into a consideration of the number and location of divisions on either side. The situation was of such a character that it was a question which side could provide the superiority of forces necessary to success. In other words, the outcome would depend upon the number of troops that America could send over.

All eyes were on the eastern front. To allied statesmen the collapse of Russia meant possible grave political consequences; to the allied commanders it forecast the release of approximately 100 divisions and the increase in the enemy's ranks in Belgium and northern France to a preponderance that could not be overcome. To us it indicated a race between America's best effort to pour our fighting men into France and Germany's best determination to crush the allies before our soldiers could arrive in sufficient numbers to dominate the battlefield.

Faced Defeat With Allies.

Our estimates of the shipping for troops and supplies as set forth in the plan by which a due proportion of combat and line of communication troops were to form such increment of six divisions would require by June 1, for the shipment of twenty-four divisions, a total of over 2,000,000 tons. No one seemed to know where we were to obtain the 1,400,000 tons of shipping in addition to the 600,000 tons we were then supposed to be using.

It appeared almost certain then that should disaster befall the allied armies that under these conditions we would have to go down with them.

I always felt certain, however, that tonnage could be found for our purpose if the necessary pressure were exerted to force it into use. Appeals were made continuously and persis-

was to be left to the senior general officer in the vicinity, who might be either French or British. In going over these plans it seemed to me that their idea of securing co-operation after the French should begin participation was rather vague.

During the day we first went to visit General Byng, commanding the Third army, who explained further details of the attack and the progress already made. He and his chief of staff were busy receiving news from the front and felt that all was going well.

British Victory Spurs Allies.

The attack was made on a six-mile front and the British had the advantage from the outset. The sudden debouchment of the long line of tanks, closely followed by the infantry, all without the usual warning of long preliminary artillery bombardment, completely surprised the Germans. The tanks broke wide gaps in the wire and subdued the machine-gun nests, aiding the infantry through the defenses with a minimum of loss.

The front was rather narrow, considering the depth of the objectives. A maximum gain of some four and a half miles was secured the first day, and a greater result was prevented. It was said, by a serious check to the tanks at Flesquieres.

For some reason or other the French were not called into action, but presumably it was because the British cavalry, which was to precede them, could not go forward as planned. The offensive continued for two or three days longer with varying success. It was, however, a decided victory, and, while not as great as the British expected, it gave encouragement to the allies on the western front and no doubt helped to offset temporarily the depressing effect of the serious defeat recently sustained by the Italian army.

CHAPTER XXII

An American mission headed by Col. E. M. House arrived in France toward the end of November for an interallied conference. Other members of the mission were Admiral W. S. Benson; Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff, Oscar T. Crosby, for the Treasury department; Vance McCormick, chairman of the war trade board; Bainbridge Colby, shipping board; Alonzo E. Taylor, Thomas N. Perkins, war industries, and Paul Cravath.

As the representatives of different nationalities gathered in Paris recent reports of decreasing losses of ocean

briefly, setting forth the importance of the gathering and the necessity of translating the noble spirit of the alliance into action. No attempts at oratory were in evidence, nor was there prolonged discourse on any subject. Naturally questions concerning available man power, shipping, munitions and supplies were mentioned, but only in a general way. The conference did little more than agree that the study of the various subjects should be left to committees composed of interallied representatives.

It was very clear that everybody was looking to America to provide the additional man power needed to give the allies superiority. None was more eager to increase our forces than ourselves, but on my part every possible argument to procure shipping had been presented to the allies and to our War department, so when the conference urged the expedition of our forces it made the strongest kind of a case in favor of immediate increase of allied aid in tonnage.

For some time reliance upon the allies for any considerable amount of tonnage had seemed almost in vain, and it looked as though we should have to depend upon our own limited resources for most of it. The British were giving some assistance in the transportation of men, American ships had carried up to November 1, 67,218 and the British 54,751.

The results of the British success at Cambrai were not to be permanent, as the Germans quickly retaliated. General von Marwitz hastily assembled a force of some fifteen divisions, and November 30 suddenly launched a violent counterattack. The British were short of reserves, and before Von Marwitz was stopped his troops had regained most of the lost ground.

It was in this operation that a detachment of our Eleventh regiment of engineers became engaged while serving with the British. The men, to the number of 280, were at work in the Gouzacourt railway yard when the Germans attacked. One officer and nine men were wounded, and the detachment withdrew. They were then given arms and fought with the British.

War Council Meets Again.

The second conference of the supreme war council was held at Versailles December 1. Our representatives, political and military, at this meeting were Mr. House and General Bliss, respectively. At the opening session M. Clemenceau drew attention to the general situation, referring especially to the collapse of Russia, the probable release of enemy troops from that front, the adverse situation in Italy, the depletion of allied man power, and the reliance of the allies on American assistance.

The premier enjoined the military representatives "to bear in mind that their function is to advise the supreme war council as a whole and not merely as representatives of their respective nations on the council, and that they should view the problems confronting them not from a national

Improved Uniform International

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(© 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for June 14

THE RESURRECTION AND THE ASCENSION

GOLDEN TEXT—Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea, rather, that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who maketh intercession for us.

LESSON TEXT—Luke 24:51-53.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Jesus Living Now.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Jesus Living Now.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Our Living Lord.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Meaning of the Resurrection.

The resurrection of Christ is one of the foundation truths of Christianity. It is the grand proof that Christ was what he claimed to be—the Messiah, the Son of God (Matt. 12:39, 40; John 2:19-21).

I. The Empty Tomb (vv. 1-12).

Luke does not enter into a description of the manner of the resurrection of Christ or offer any proof of the fact other than that the tomb was empty. He does, however, indicate the process by which the disciples had become convinced of its reality.

1. The testimony of the men in shining apparel (vv. 4-6). The women who had come to the sepulcher bringing spices found the stone rolled away and the sepulcher empty. While they were in a state of perplexity these men in shining garments informed them that Jesus had arisen.

2. The report of the women to the disciples (vv. 7-11). The women believed the announcement made to them because they found that it was in agreement with what Jesus had prophesied. They immediately reported the fact of the empty tomb to the disciples.

3. Peter investigating (v. 12). Peter was so impressed with the news brought by the women concerning the empty tomb that he ran to see whether the report was true. He was convinced that the tomb was empty, but was perplexed over the matter. If he had believed the words of the Lord his personal investigation would have cleared the matter in his mind.

II. Two Discouraged Disciples (vv. 13-35).

1. The walk to Emmaus (vv. 13-15). Emmaus was seven and a half miles northwest of Jerusalem. The topic of conversation was the tragedy of the cross and the resurrection rumors. So little had the Lord's teaching about his resurrection impressed the disciples that the reports which the women brought were to them as idle tales.

2. An unrecognized companion (vv. 16-24).
a. Who he was (v. 15). While they reasoned together on the wonderful events of the last few days, Jesus joined them. Even when he questioned them concerning their sadness they did not recognize him.

b. His question (v. 17). Perceiving their sadness and perplexity he sought to help them by calling forth an expression of their grief.

c. Their answer (vv. 18-24). His question so surprised them that they thought him a stranger in Jerusalem, for the condemnation and crucifixion were so recent and notorious that no one that had lived in Jerusalem could be ignorant of them.

3. The Scriptures opened (vv. 25-31).

a. His rebuke (vv. 25-30). Jesus did not rebuke them for not believing the strange stories they had heard, but for ignorance and lack of confidence in the Old Testament Scriptures, the very center and heart of which have to do with the death and resurrection of Christ.

b. Jesus recognized (vv. 31-35). While sitting at meat with the disciples they perceived him as the Lord when they saw him bless the bread and distribute it. They were so filled with joy over this revelation that they hastened to Jerusalem to tell the other disciples of his resurrection.

III. Jesus Stands in the Midst of the Eleven (vv. 36-47).

1. He said, "Peace be unto you" (vv. 36, 37). Instead of receiving peace from him, they were terrified and affrighted.

2. He showed them his hands and his feet (vv. 38-40). He gave them tangible evidence that he was not a mere spirit.

3. He ate before them (vv. 41-45).
4. He commissioned them to evangelize the world (vv. 46-49). They were to testify concerning his shed blood and resurrection and on this ground they were to preach repentance and remission of sins to all nations.

IV. Jesus Ascends Into Heaven (vv. 50, 51).

Having given them the parting message to evangelize the world, he ascended into heaven.

The Bible Not a Puzzle

Remember that the Bible is not a puzzle for wise heads, but a lamp for a wayfaring man.—Daniel Moore.

Happiness

What right has anyone to be happy who has never made anyone else happy?—Christian Faith.

We Need Not Fear

We need not fear Jesus as the judge if we know him as our Savior.—Christian Faith.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

THREE MILLION

Popularity Votes

FOR THIS POWDER

Like votes in a "popularity contest," each of the three million boxes of Plough's Favorite Bouquet used a year, brings in other votes of approval. And it is this tremendous popularity that makes Plough's Favorite Bouquet the largest selling face powder in the world for 25¢.

You, too, will "cast your vote" for this fine powder once you see how long it clings . . . how beautifying it is . . . and how smartly economical! Try it today . . . ask for Plough's Favorite Bouquet, in the square-shaped red box!

Plough's

FAVORITE BOUQUET FACE POWDER

If you prefer a heavier texture powder, choose Plough's "Exquisite" Face Powder in the round red box, 50¢. If you want a special powder for dry skin, choose Plough's "Rose of Flowers" in the red oval box, 75¢.

Mirror Makes Possible

Backfiring in Warfare

A device that enables pilots of single-seater fighting airplanes to fire accurately at targets behind them has just been invented by a twenty-year-old Oxford engineer.

It consists of a remarkably clever arrangement of reflex mirror sights connected with a gun trained to the rear of the machine. Thus, the pilot can get an aim on any target in his rear simply by looking into a mirror on his instrument board.

A mirror beneath the airplane reflects—just as a periscope does—the view of the target in the rear onto another reflex mirror mounted on top of the cockpit. This reflects the picture to the sighting mirror—which is electrically heated and wiped to counteract bad atmospheric conditions. As soon as the target appears on this mirror the pilot opens fire.

City Has Dwindled

Once Aurora, Nev., was the great gold mining center of the West. Today Aurora has a population of one. The old-time mining camp of the Nevada boom days consisted of two men for several years until a few weeks ago when Henry Boerlin and his family drove to the old camp and returned with Shorty Jorger, leaving George Mills as the lone remaining citizen. Shorty was the mayor of Aurora, but when he left, he delegated all his official duties to Mills, saying his successor would have little difficulty in managing the municipal affairs of the city.

Zaharoff Aids Aviation

It has just been learned that Sir Basil Zaharoff, "Europe's mystery man," gave several fortunes in recent years to further the study of aviation. It is said that in the last five years he spent nearly all of his time not devoted to his vast interests in promoting air transportation.

Summer Problem

Those who worry about our physical well-being are always troubled about which is the more cooling, a hot drink or a cold one.—Woman's Home Companion.

Unhindered Imagination

"I suppose you are well acquainted with the star of your company?" "Never met him," replied the press agent. "A successful press agent must be an idealist, not a realist."

Lasting "Signatures"

Ancient Chinese documents were sometimes signed by fingerprints impressed into clay seals.

Can You Answer These

Why was Lot's wife turned to a pillar of salt?
What great building of the Bible was built without the sound of a hammer?
Which Apostle preached at Athens? and at what place?

Send for this 5-Minute Bible Test FREE

Find out how much you really know about the profound teachings your Bible contains. Then learn how to use it profitably.

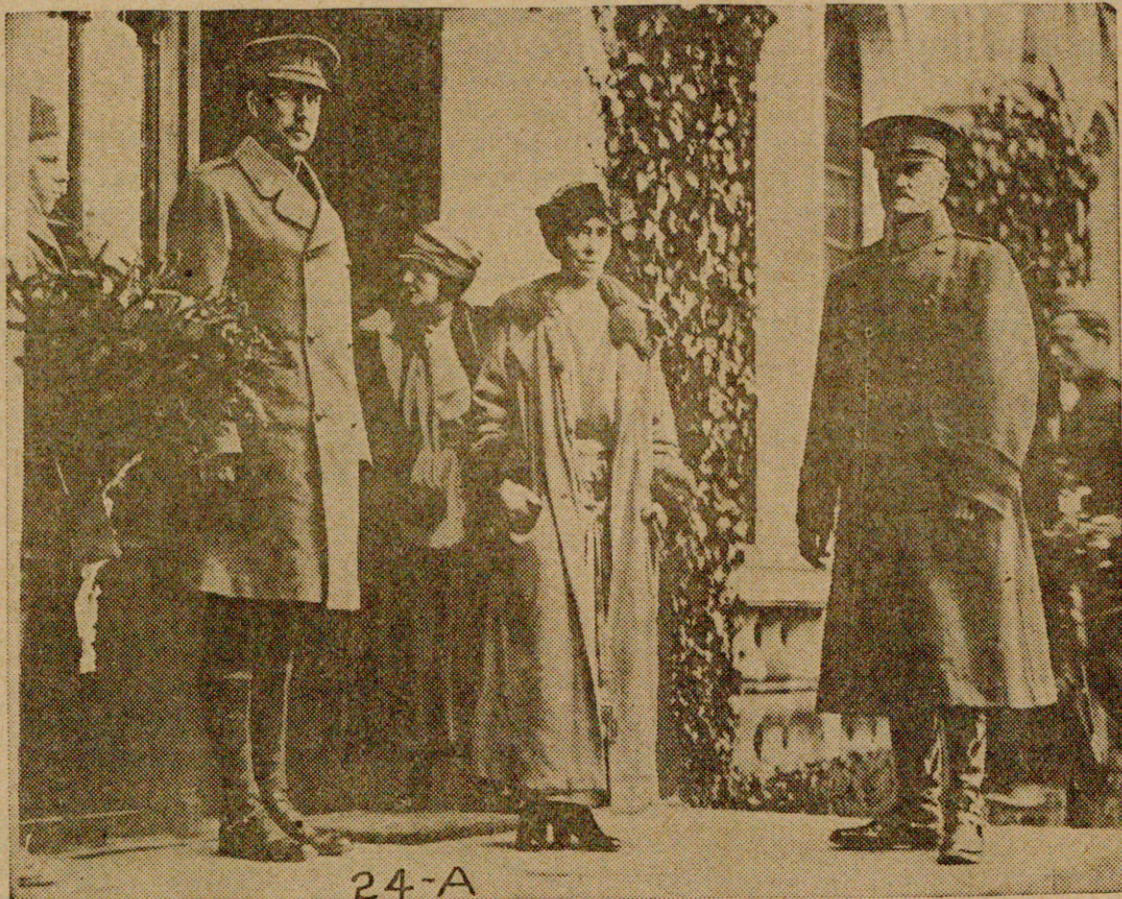
Moody Bible Institute Home Study Courses show you how to use the Bible intelligently in your everyday Christian life. 38,000 students have already discovered this to their great joy and profit. Join this happy throng. 14 courses—non-sectarian—one suited to your particular needs. Give yourself the wonderful experience. Send for the free test now just to try yourself out. You'll be interested. Mail coupon today.

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State _____

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 23-1931.



General Pershing Visits the King and Queen of Belgium.

tently in an effort to get action on this vital question, but several months elapsed before it really came.

Taken as a whole, the apparently slow progress of our preparation in Europe also caused considerable adverse comment, if not dismay, among the allies. Inquiries were made directly by the military and civil officials as to why we did not move more rapidly, to which the reply was always, "lack of shipping."

New British Offensive.

Immobilized by the mud of Flanders, where British attacks had continued intermittently from the end of July to the middle of November, with rather excessive losses, the British commander in chief turned to a more southerly portion of his line for the final offensive of the year. Choosing the Cambrai front on which to launch the effort, careful preparations, including the concentration of an unusual number of tanks, were made to insure a break through the enemy's defenses. The tanks and the infantry were to make an opening through which the cavalry was to pass and attack the flanks of the enemy. Then French troops held in readiness in the vicinity were to follow. As to the question of command of these combined forces when both should become engaged it

tonnage and greater destruction of German submarines, with prospects of still further improvement, seemed to give more of hopefulness in the general situation and allied spirits were somewhat revived.

The British had won at Cambrai and were making satisfactory progress in their advance on Jerusalem, which, it was said, would be facilitated by the use of their new base at Jaffa. The Italians seemed to have recovered their morale to a limited extent, with the stiffening of their lines by British and French divisions, and had successfully held their own against the Austrian attack on the Piave.

Not the least hopeful thing was the step just taken toward unity of command in the creation of the supreme war council. But the decisive factor in the whole situation, if it could be utilized in time, was the tremendous economical and physical power of the United States. To make that available before it was too late was the problem upon the solution of which depended the success of the allied cause. Would the allies see it and would they work together to solve it?

When all were seated around the table in the assembly room at the ministry of foreign affairs Prime Minister Clemenceau, who presided, spoke

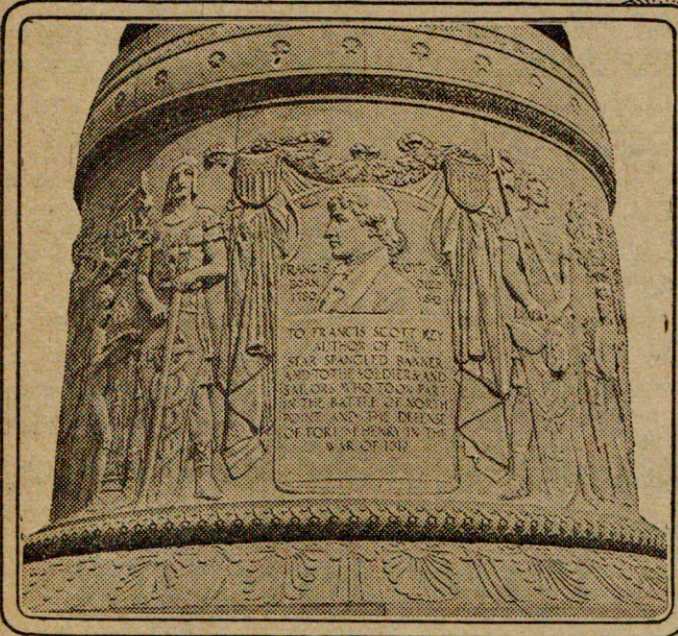
standpoint but from that of the allies as a whole."

The military representatives at this conference were instructed to examine the military situation and report their recommendations as to the future plan of operations; to study the immediate situation in Italy from the offensive as well as from the defensive point of view, and to report on the utilization of the Belgian army.

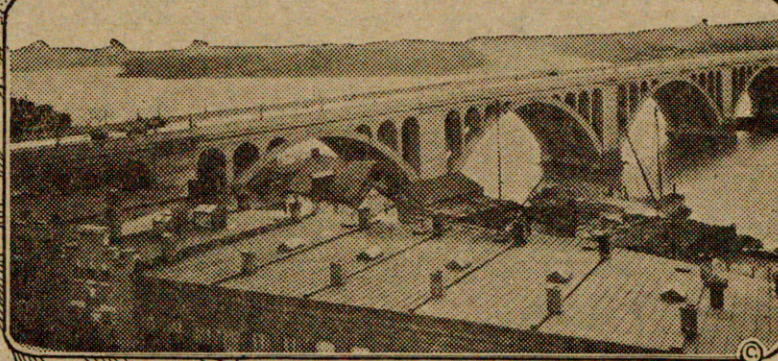
It was evident that this body was to become a kind of superparliament not only for the discussion of resources, aims and purposes, but for the determination of policies looking to concert of action in support of the military efforts. The spirit in which the problems were approached at this meeting made it clear that the supreme war council would sensibly promote co-operation among the powers.

The second meeting of the interallied conference December 3 closed its sessions. None of the questions brought before the first session could be settled, but they were taken up by the more permanent body, the supreme war council, which, as time went on, undertook to co-ordinate the work of the various committees that had been forced to handle the problems involved.

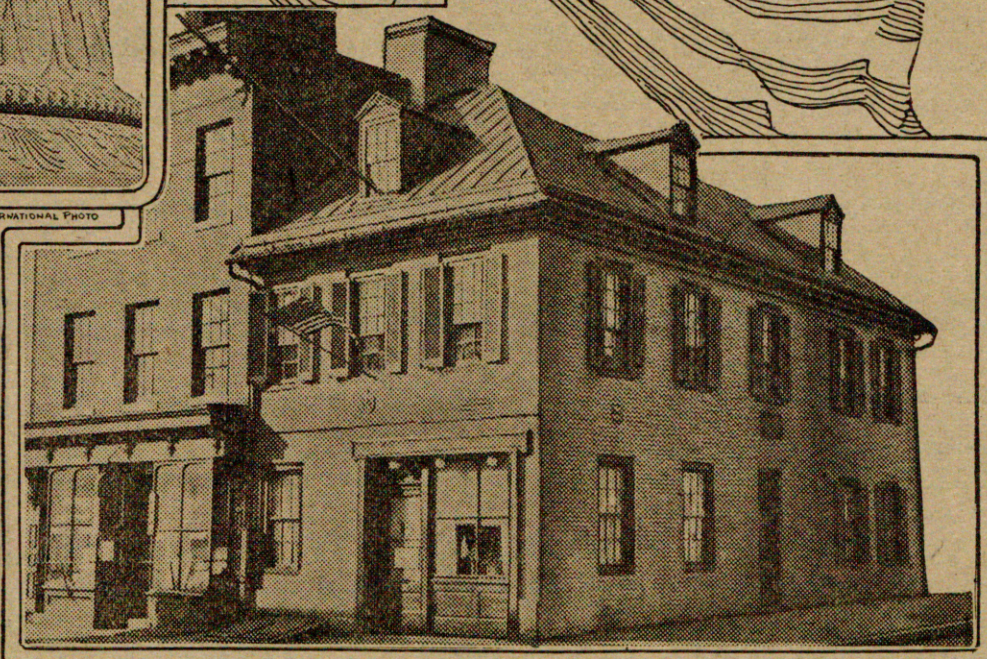
They Gave Us "The Star Spangled Banner"



Base of Key Memorial Monument at Fort McHenry



The Key Bridge, Washington, D.C.



House in Baltimore where original "Star Spangled Banner" was made



Key Monument at Frederick, Md.

By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

THE other day a group of people gathered in the crypt of the magnificent Washington cathedral in our National Capital and unveiled a bronze tablet which was presented by the District of Columbia chapter of the United States Daughters of 1812. The principal speaker on that occasion was Maj. Francis Scott Key-Smith, great-grandson of Francis Scott Key. Thus there was erected another memorial to honor the name of the man who gave to the American flag, whose birthday we celebrate on June 14, the name of America its national anthem.

There are three other imposing memorials which perpetuate the name of Francis Scott Key. One of them is the monument which stands over his grave in Mt. Olivet cemetery in Frederick, Md. On it is a tablet inscribed "Written by Francis Scott Key. Born August 9, 1780; Died January 11, 1843" and there follows the lines of "The Star Spangled Banner." Another is the huge two-million-dollar Francis Scott Key bridge across the Potomac river which connects the cities of Washington and what was once Old Georgetown, now known as West Washington. The Georgetown end of this bridge is on the site of Key's old home in that city. While the bridge was under construction, a bill came up in congress for an appropriation for the maintenance of the "Georgetown bridge across the Potomac river"—a name which had been given its predecessor there in 1820. Through the efforts of patriotic societies, who declared that "the nation should honor the American poet-patriot Francis Scott Key, instead of King George of England" (since Georgetown is named for the British monarch), the name of the bridge was changed and under its present name it is a perpetual reminder of the connection of the author of our national anthem with the history of our National Capital.

Perhaps the most imposing of all the Key memorials is the one which was dedicated by President Harding in 1922 at Fort McHenry, near Baltimore, where occurred the incident which gave to Francis Scott Key his enduring fame. Topped by the symbolic statue of a musician playing a lyre, which is said to be the largest single cast bronze statue in existence, this monument has on its stone base a frieze bearing a bas-relief portrait of Key surrounded by other symbolic figures and bearing these words: "Francis Scott Key. Born 1780; Died 1843. To Francis Scott Key, author of The Star Spangled Banner, and to the soldiers and sailors who took part in the Battle of North Point and the Defense of Fort McHenry in the War of 1812."

The story of how Francis Scott Key came to write "The Star Spangled Banner" and thus give a new name to our flag is familiar to all Americans. But not many of them know much about the man himself. Key was born on an estate in Frederick county, Maryland, known as Terra Rubra, August 9, 1780. One of his sisters, Anna Arnold Key, was married to Roger Brooke Taney, a prominent Maryland lawyer, who later became secretary of the treasury, but more famous as chief justice of the United States—a fact which may have had something to do with Key's turning to the study of law.

Soon after his graduation from St. John's college at Annapolis, Key was married to Mary Tayloe Lloyd and began the practice of law in Frederick. But in 1801 he moved to Georgetown in the District of Columbia, where he formed a partnership with his uncle, Philip Barton Key. Most of his life was spent in Georgetown where his home, from 1808 to 1828, was at 3516 M street, but a short distance from the foot of the Key bridge. It was in this house that he was living when he wrote "The Star Spangled Banner" and it was this house which a patriotic organization, the Francis Scott Key Memorial association, of which Admiral Dewey was president, tried unsuccessfully to save from destruction. Here were born Key's eleven children, six boys and five girls.

Key was a lawyer of high reputation in Georgetown and rated as a leading citizen of the community, so it was only natural perhaps that he should be appealed to to secure the release of Dr. William Beanes of Upper Marlboro, Md., who had been arrested by Ross, the British general, as Ross retired to the British fleet in Chesapeake bay after the burning of Washington. In a letter to his mother, under date Georgetown, 24 September, 1814, Key wrote: "I am going in the morning to Baltimore to proceed in a flag to Gen. Ross. Old Doct. Beanes of Marlboro is taken prisoner by the enemy, who threaten to carry him off. Some of his friends have urged me to apply for a flag to go and try to procure his release. I hope to

return in about 8 or 10 days, though it is uncertain, as I do not know where to find the fleet."

Then followed Key's historic vigil which ended "by the dawn's early light" when he saw "that our flag was still there" and his inspiration for the poem which made him forever famous. It is not commonly known perhaps that Key was also the author of another notable song. He was an Episcopalian, a vestryman for St. John's church in Georgetown and he wrote for the church hymnal a hymn bearing the title "Lord, With Glowing Heart I Praise Thee." He also wrote numerous sonnets, but it is said that his wife showed such indifference to his poetic gifts that she frequently used the papers upon which he wrote them for curl papers!

Although his principal fame rests upon one song, Key had a distinguished public career as the result of his legal profession. During the administrations of Presidents Jackson and Van Buren he was three times appointed United States district attorney and held that position at the time of his death.

If we remember Francis Scott Key as the man who gave us the name of "The Star Spangled Banner" for our flag, we should also remember with him the woman who made the flag which inspired his famous poem. She was Mrs. Mary Young Pickersgill, who was living in Baltimore in 1814 when the news came that a British fleet was on its way to attack this "nest of hornets at the head of Chesapeake bay," as the British called it, because Baltimore-manned government vessels and Baltimore privateers had been harassing British shipping more than had the vessels of any other American city.

While preparations were under way to strengthen Fort McHenry, Baltimore's principal defense, it was discovered that the fort had no suitable flag to run up to the top of its flagpole. Flags were not sold in stores in those days. When one was wanted it was necessary to employ some woman to make it. Upon hearing inquiries as to who in Baltimore could make a flag, Commodore Barney and Gen. John Stricker, men whom everybody knew and respected, stepped forward. They announced that there was a woman in their city who was, beyond doubt, the best flag maker in all America, having inherited the art from her mother, who had made flags during the Revolutionary war.

"Who is this woman?" inquired those present. "Her name is Mary Young Pickersgill." Further conversation developed the fact that she was related to both Commodore Barney and General Stricker. These two officers were deputized to call upon Mary and see what could be done. Soon all was hustle and bustle in the Pickersgill home. All household duties were suspended until the great flag was completed.

Direct evidence of the making of the flag is handed down to us by Caroline Pickersgill, daughter of Mary, who says: "The flag being so very large, my mother was obliged to obtain permission to spread it out in a neighboring malt

house opposite the mansion of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, signer of the Declaration of Independence, who was still living. I remember seeing my mother down on her knees placing the stars in position and sewing them fast. And then after the completion of the flag she superintended the topping or heading of it, that is, having it fastened in the most secure manner to prevent its being torn away by balls. The wisdom of her precautions was shown during the engagement, many shots piercing it, but it still remained firm on the staff.

"Colonel Armistead, who commanded Ft. McHenry, declared after the battle that no one but Mary Pickersgill should mend it. The flag, I think, contained 400 yards of bunting, and my mother worked many nights until twelve o'clock to complete it in the given time."

So it was this flag of Mary Pickersgill's which flew over Fort McHenry on that eventful September day, which inspired Francis Scott Key and which is the original "Star Spangled Banner," long preserved by Colonel Armistead's grandson, Eben Appleton, which now is exhibited in the National museum in Washington. Doctor Walcott, the late secretary of the Smithsonian institution, declared the old flag to be "the most valued treasure we possess." At the request of the Star-Spangled Banner Centennial commission, in 1914, it was carefully backed with Irish linen, and it is now good for another hundred years or more.

Mary Pickersgill came from famous Revolutionary stock. One of her uncles was Col. Benjamin Flower, commissary general of the Revolutionary stores in Philadelphia. He was a friend and associate of General Washington. "Her mother, Rebecca Flower Young," according to good authority, "made the first flag of the Revolution under General Washington's direction."

The "first flag of the Revolution" was no doubt the Grand Union flag under which Washington took command of the American army at Cambridge, Mass., January 1, 1776. It bore the thirteen red and white stripes, signifying the thirteen united colonies, and in the upper left-hand corner, the British Union, the red vertical cross of St. George of England, and the white diagonal cross of St. Andrew of Scotland. This was to signify that the colonies were still loyal to England and if her oppression ceased they would not separate from her.

Six weeks later, in February, 1776, Rebecca Young gave birth to a daughter destined to be the maker of the original "Star Spangled Banner!"

Congress had taken steps as early as October, 1775, to establish a regular American navy. Commodore Hopkins was appointed commander in chief, and John Paul Jones, the senior of the five first lieutenants, declared he hoisted the "Flag of America" on board his flagship, Alfred, when Hopkins came on board, "the first time it was ever displayed on a regular man-of-war."

This flag had, however, already appeared in Baltimore, which was a noted shipbuilding place. This had been sent by Hopkins to Joshua Barney, second officer on the 10-gun sloop, the Hornet.

Whether Rebecca Young was the maker of the first flags of the new United States navy we cannot now tell, but as Caroline Pickersgill, her granddaughter, emphatically stated later on, "My grandmother, Rebecca Young, made the first flag of the revolution under General Washington's direction, and for this reason my mother was selected by Commodore Barney and General Stricker to make the Star-Spangled Banner," it would seem there could be little doubt on that score.

Not only is the original "Star Spangled Banner" preserved, but the house in which it was planned and made is also still standing. Thanks to an organization of patriotic men and women, known as the Star Spangled Banner Flag House association, money is being raised by popular subscription to preserve the historic home in which Mrs. Mary Young Pickersgill lived from 1776 to 1857 as a shrine to which Americans may make their patriotic pilgrimages.

(© by Western Newspaper Union.)

The KITCHEN CABINET

(©, 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

"It has been said that a man is known by absorption, meaning that we can tell the quality and type of any one's life by the things he allows to absorb him."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

To restore a white spot caused from heat, on a polished surface, rub lightly with alcohol.

Bruised spots on dark furniture may be removed by rubbing with a walnut meat. Press the meat into the scratch or scar. If very deep, a bit of color may be needed to cover it.

In washing linoleum add a little vinegar to the water; it removes any grease that ordinary washing might not remove.

A salad may be made more attractive by dipping the fluted edges of the lettuce leaves into paprika.

When gum gets on the furniture, cover with a blotter and press with a hot iron. When in small daughter's hair, that is quite a different matter. Cover the spot with lard and carefully rub and wipe away with a cloth.

To remove varnish and paint from woodwork add two tablespoonfuls of lye to one quart of thick starch. Mix carefully and apply with a brush, using an old one. Leave on for forty minutes, then remove with cold water with an old paint brush. After allowing to stand for several days apply wood filler and varnish.

When food burns on granite or aluminum dishes, fill with cold water, add washing soda and bring to a boil.

To keep cheese fresh, wrap in a cloth moistened with vinegar. This will also keep it from molding.

Home-made wall paper cleaner—Take a tablespoonful each of kerosene and salt, two tablespoonfuls of flour, two tablespoonfuls of ammonia and one-half cupful of warm water. Mix all together and boil until the flour is well scalded. Knead with the hands. Make a ball of the dough and use as an eraser on the wall paper to remove grease and soil.

Wall paper wrong side up makes good shelf covering. The leftover border may be used for an edge finish, if of the cut-out variety.

To keep starch from sticking when ironing add a bit of lard the size of a pea to a quart of starch while cooking.

Steel Plow in America

In this country, about 1797, John Newbold demonstrated a cast-iron plow. It was similar to cast-iron plows which had been demonstrated shortly before in England. Records indicate that farmers feared detrimental effects from so much iron in contact with the soil, and evidently this first American cast-iron plow was never repaired after its moldboard became broken. The obstinate quality of the soil in the Mississippi valley led to the use of steel instead of iron strips on the moldboards of plows. John Deere, 1837, and William Parlin, 1842, were pioneers in the steel plow business of the Middle West. Much credit is due also to James Oliver, who, beginning his experiments in 1853, greatly advanced the process for chilling cast-iron plow points.

Scriptural Books

"Ecclesiastes" and "Ecclesiasticus" are the names of different portions of the Scriptures. The former is accepted by both Catholics and Protestants as one of the essential and canonical books of the Bible. "Ecclesiasticus," or "Wisdom of Jesus, Son of Sirach" as it is also called, is the name of a portion of the Catholic Bible. It was included in the canon fixed by the Council of Trent (1545-1563) and is classified as one of the deuterocanonical books. Protestants regard Ecclesiasticus as one of the Apocrypha and consequently, although they read it for inspiration and edification, they do not use it to fix points of doctrine.—Pathfinder Magazine.

Theory of Evolution

Herbert Spencer finds that throughout the universe there is an unceasing redistribution of matter and motion and that redistribution constitutes evolution when there is a predominant integration of matter and dissipation of motion, and constitutes dissolution where there is a predominant absorption of motion and dissipation of matter.

Salt in Commerce

The best grade of salt is procured by the evaporation method. This is because the brine is first purified before it is evaporated. It is 99.80 per cent pure. Mined salt is from 1 to 1½ per cent less in sodium chloride content than salt procured by the evaporation method. Incidentally, the purest rock salt comes from Louisiana.

"Patent" Medicines

A patent medicine is a medicinal formula on which a patent has been secured. It is very difficult to secure a patent on such a formula. It is necessary to show invention to be present and that the medicine represents something other than a doctor's prescription.

Daily Thought for Motorists

The fact is that the motor car is a better machine than most of us are fit to handle.—Collier's Weekly.

QUALITY FOR 78 YEARS



Why It Is So Good

IN the making of Monarch Tomato Soup only the finest fresh red-ripe Tomatoes, pure butter, and pure cream are used. Positively no other fat.

The seasoning cannot be improved. If you have not tried Monarch, you have not tasted the perfect Tomato Soup.

Sold only by independent merchants.

MONARCH
Super-Quality Foods

23,000 Blooms at Wedding

Twenty thousand daffodils, three thousand tulips to match and hundreds of white crocuses and lilies of the valley were used in the decoration of St. Cuthbert's church, Carlisle, England, recently for the wedding of Miss Angela Scott-Nicholson and Thomas Strong. The floral color scheme was reflected in the bridal group, the wedding gown being in panne of a new shade called honey, while the bridesmaids' dresses, also of panne, were pale topaz.

HEALTHY COMPLEXIONS



Healthy complexions come from healthy systems. Free the body of poisons with Feen-a-mint. Effective in smaller doses. All druggists sell this safe, scientific laxative.

Feen-a-mint
FOR CONSTIPATION

Reversing Judge Lindsey

"How is it I see Jones and his former wife together so much lately? I thought they were separated." "Oh, theirs is a companionate divorce."—Boston Transcript.

You can pursue happiness so fiercely that it turns on you and snarls, "I am not happiness."

Don't Scratch

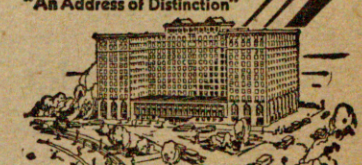
Flit kills mosquitoes quick!

Spray

FLIT

Largest Seller in 121 Countries

"An Address of Distinction"



Greater Value ... Too

LIGHT, airy and spacious rooms, luxuriously appointed ... tempting foods. Overlooking the quiet shores of Lake Michigan ... quickly accessible to vacation pleasures and business activities. Value-for-your-money in every detail of service. Rates begin at \$5 a day. Permanent Suites at Special Discounts.

THE DRAKE
HOTEL, CHICAGO
Under Blackstone Management

The News-Bulletin

Issued every Friday from the office of The News-Bulletin, Mokena, Will County, Illinois. Subscription price \$1.50 per year. Single copies 5 cents. Established 1919. Independent in politics.

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FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Strawberries and gooseberries. J. Grothendick, Mokena, Ill.

FOR SALE—40 laying Leghorn hens, also Rabbits Chinchilla breeders. Frank Carlson, 142nd and Wolf Road, Orland Park, Ill. 2tp

FOR SALE—200 choice Buff Orpington Pullets. Good next winter layers. Mrs. Chas. Ecklund, corner Wolf road and 143rd street. c

FOR SALE or TRADE—De Laval Milking Machine, 2 unit in A-1 condition. Also John Deere 3 H. P. Gasoline Engine, almost new. Roy H. Newton, Orland, Ill. Tel. 29-R-2. 6:5;12;19 p

F. E. YUNKER, Agent For—Sandwich, New Idea Hayting Tools, Truck wagons and manure spreaders. Orland Park, Ill. Phone 52-W2

FOR RENT—House by June 1st. Inquire Mrs. Emil Krapp, Mokena, Ill. Tel. 51. 3tc

WANTED Jobs of painting that can be done with electric spray paint gun. Will rent gun either with operator or run it yourself. Fred Hentsch, Mokena, Ill. 3c

FOR RENT—House, garden and garage. Inquire Edw. Ryan, Tinley Park, Ill. Tel. Tinley Park 27-M2 2c

FOR SALE—15 months old registered Holstein Bull; will trade for Guernsey or Jersey heifers. Michael Penkanski, Orland Park, Ill. p3t

FOR SALE—100 lb. capacity ice box, good condition, at a reasonable price. Inquire News-Bulletin office. 2tp

ORDERS TAKEN for flowers, plants or floral pieces for all occasions. Mrs. Wm. Semmler, Mokena, Ill. Agent for C. Sterling, Florist, Joliet. tf

ORLAND PARK

Mr. Fred Enders and daughter, Ina and Miss Rose Enders attended the wedding at the Lutheran church at Tinley Park of Miss Myra Yunker to Mr. Edward Bauman, last Sunday afternoon. Miss Ina Enders was one of the six bridesmaids. She was beautifully dressed in yellow chiffon and carried a bouquet of yellow roses and her hair was artistically arranged by Miss Eleanor Waje, our Orland Park beauty specialist.

CHRIST LUTHERAN CHURCH
Rev. A. Lach, Pastor
Sunday school 9:15 a. m.
English Services 10:00 a. m.
The congregation will have its annual picnic June 21st in the Forest Preserves at 143rd st. and about one-fourth mile west of our church. Come and enjoy the picnic

Make Mowing A Pleasure

Have your mower sharpened by machine no hand sharpening. All work and lowest prices guaranteed. Ask the man whose mower we sharpened in 1930.

Bring mowers to Harry Schuldt's residence, 2 miles west of Tinley Park on 171st St.

Carl Jochum
Harry Schuldt



Telephone Tinley Park 22-W1

with us.

A group of twenty boys with Rev. Paul Sanders enjoyed a night in camp at the cottage on the Warner farm. A hike was also enjoyed. This was on Monday night. On Tuesday night the girls enjoyed a night at the camp.

Mayor Ralph Jennings is recovering from a sick spell.

The village board session held on Monday night was a very brief one and only routine business was transacted. The board passed a resolution that no fireworks be sold in the village of Orland Park prior to June 27th.

Pupils in the rooms of Miss Kettering and Miss Lucille Schmadeke enjoyed a picnic in Highland Park near Joliet last Wednesday.

Miss Lucille Schmadeke left Wednesday for Cleveland, Ohio where she will spend several weeks with her brother August and family.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wagner and daughter Lavon of Fort Collins, Colorado are spending a few weeks in this section with relatives and friends.

Harry Daniels has opened his new filling station and restaurant at the corner of Route 51 and 143rd st. In addition to serving sandwiches and full dinners, he also operates a soda fountain. The building is entirely new, built of brick and when lit up at night with flood lights, makes a fine appearance.

FRANKFORT

Born a son to Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Eisenbrandt, a son, on June 5 in the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet.

Mr. and Mrs. August Carlson are the parents of a daughter, born in the Silver Cross hospital, June 4.

The Ladies Aid of the Frankfort M. E. church will have a bakery sale in the Herschbach's store, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Green Garden M. E. church held their picnic, Thursday, June 11 in Andres Grove at Andres.

Commencement exercises were held Tuesday, June 2 in the auditorium. The class consisted of LaVern Deist, Clarence Heisner, Robert Klepper, Francis Heusner, Mildred Lorenzen, Mae Nieland, Ruth Nieland, Glenn Schroeder, Cletis Gunnell.

The 24th annual banquet of the public school alumni was held in the church parlors of the St. Peter's Evangelical church, Wednesday evening June 3 at 7:30 o'clock.

President Roy Stephen presiding, and the community singing was led by Arthur Lambrecht. The program of the evening was as follows:

Address, Francis Heusner, president of the class of 1931; piano solo, Edward Balchowsky; address Mr. Dean, assistant superintendent of the Joliet High school; Eva Jean Pfaff, secretary called the roll and 72 members responded; Clarence and Robert Klepper, played a duet accompanied by Edith Wischover on the piano; benediction by the Rev. Gerhold. The officers for the coming year are president, Eva Jean Pfaff; vice-president, Richard Oetter; secretary, Albert Krusemark, jr., and treasurer, Lola Harnack.

Henry Breidert has the contract to build the new house on the Gilcrest farm to replace the old one that burned down last year.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Eisenbrandt Emma Breidert, Henry Eisenbrandt, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Eisenbrandt and son, and Harlem Eisenbrandt were guests last Wednesday evening in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Hollstein near Orland Park. Ice cream and cake was served and a very lovely time was enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schuldt and daughter, Mrs. Margaret Maue of Mokena, and Mrs. Charles Pfeifer visited Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kohl

who are both ill in the home of their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schweser in Joliet.

Mr. and Mrs. George Pfeifer of Chicago Heights spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfeifer and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Clark entertained Saturday, June 6, in honor of their niece, Miss Helen Clark of Hot Springs, Arkansas, who is here on a visit. Those present were Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Clark and son Jack, of Oak Park, Dr. Paul Clark and family of Marseilles, and Dr. and Mrs. Ted Clark of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Stergens, son Teddie, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Teiner of Chicago spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfeifer and family.

Roy Wilke of Monee is spending his vacation with his aunt and uncle Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Hossbach.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fralich entertained their cousins from Joliet on Monday.

TINLEY PARK

John Breitbarth who has been ill for sometime, underwent a serious operation in a Chicago hospital on Wednesday of this week.

John Klepper figured in an auto accident last Friday evening when an Indiana car crashed into his car as he was making a turn in front of the Steinhagen garage. No one was hurt, but the cars were damaged.

The Tinley Park Lions Club are planning to hold a big dance in the Saenger hall on the evening of the 4th of July. The Linden Garden Grove will also be used. Music by Tony and his orchestra.

Fred Goebel is taking treatments for sinus trouble.

Tinley Park Methodist Episcopal Church

Tinley Park, Illinois

Theodore A. Loeppert, Minister

A cordial invitation to attend the worship services and the Sunday school is extended to all in our community who have no church home. Morning worship takes place at 9 o'clock (daylight saving time) and Sunday school at 10. Let Sunday be a day of spiritual freedom and retirement for you. This will mean much for your own inner life, for your family and for our community.

Sunday, June 14th is Children's Day and the special service begins at 10 o'clock. In the evening, at 8, the Epworth League will conduct a "Family Night" service at the church, to which old as well as the young are invited. Rev. Frank Coates of Lemont will bring us a lively message in his "Roundup".

TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH

Wm. Greve, Pastor

English services will be conducted at Trinity Church next Sunday at the usual time, 10 o'clock a. m.

The annual church and school picnic will take place Sunday afternoon at the Grove. Many games and entertainments as well as refreshments have been provided. A large attendance is anticipated. All are cordially invited.

R. H. Carmichael

TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours:

7 to 8 p. m. Morning by Appointment

Sundays by Appointment

Telephone Tinley Park 73

Men's Garden

Club to Show

June 13 and 14

The annual spring flower show of the Men's Garden Club of the Chicago Region will be held June 13 and 14 in the Garfield Park Conservatory. This show brings out the largest display of peonies and iris to be seen in Chicago each year.

Every competitive class is open to all amateur gardeners, a complete list of ribbons being awarded to non-members of the Men's Garden Club, and a bronze medal going to the non-member winning the most points.

The show is open to the public without charge and there is no fee for entries, nor must entries be made in advance. If flowers are brought to the conservatory by 10 a. m., June 13, they may be entered and will be staged by the committee.

The Men's Garden Club is composed of Chicago business men who are interested in gardening, and who meet once each month at lunch to discuss their hobby and hear talks on various phases of it. Van N. Marker, president of an electric supply company, is president. Members include professional and business men in many lines, living on all sides of Chicago.

Entries are desired of peonies of all colors and types, bearded irises, beardless irises, roses, lilies, pyrethrum, primulas, poppies, violas, columbines, daisies, delphiniums, he rocallis, heseris, pupines, pansies, sweet william, and any other flowers in bloom at the time of the show. A premium list may be obtained by application to James H. Burdett, corresponding secretary, Room 1311, 130 No. Wells St., Chicago.

The flower committee consists of O. V. Morgan, chairman; Arthur F. Bronwell, W. A. Schueler, W. E. Galitz, J. Warren Isett, Sidney T. Collins, jr., and G. E. McKana.

DANCING AT TODDLE GROVE

1 1/2 miles south of Lemont on route 4 A

Every Saturday and Sunday Nights

Music by
MANUEL GARCIA
and his
Rainbow Tavern
Orchestra

Admission, Gents 25c Ladies Free! Dancing 10c

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4 large or 5 small head of cattle to a load. Wilmington soft Coal delivered in Mokena, Tinley Park and to Blue Island district at \$6.50 a ton. Also handle ARCADY WONDER FEEDS.

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June 12 and 13

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BUTTER FLINT				1 LB.	27c
PEAS DELLWOOD				2 CANS FOR	19c
CORN DELLWOOD				2 CANS FOR	19c
BEANS GREEN, DELLWOOD				2 CANS FOR	25c
KITCHEN KLENZER					05c
COFFEE PEABERRY				2 LBS. FOR	49c

MOKENA

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Semmler, daughters Adeline and Adamarie attended the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Oestreich, in Joliet Saturday evening. Mr. Oestreich is Mrs. Semmler's brother.

Nick Heiman, Jr., fell and broke his arm and was removed to the Silver Cross hospital for an X-Ray. Mrs. Ethel Warning, Mrs. Richard Hensel, Mrs. Lizzie Moriarity and Mrs. N. Schoeneck of Tinley Park motored to North Chicago Monday afternoon visiting Mrs. Ethel Fisher a former Mokena resident who is a patient at the Fresh Air hospital.

GLADIOLA UNIT

June Nielsen
The Gladiola Unit met at the home of Virginia Brown. A contest on flowers was given with Grace Moriarity and LaVerne Krapp winning the prizes. The next meeting will be held in the home of Mrs. Mall, Monday, July 13 at 2 o'clock. The father of Mrs. Frank A. Tooley died at his home in Harvey, Wednesday.

IRIS UNIT

Ada Semmler
The Iris Unit met at the school

Monday afternoon with their leader, Mrs. A. Brown. At the close of the meeting the group made a visit to nearly all of the club members gardens. They each received a dahlia bulb to plant.

THE LILAC UNIT

Adeline Semmler
The Lilac Unit of the Junior Garden Club met at the home of Mrs. Frank A. Tooley Monday afternoon. A lesson was studied in correct table setting and serving. The tables of Alice Horras and Evelyn Wachter was awarded 1st prize; Marie Tierney and Beulah Weedon's table was awarded 2nd prize, that of Rosella McPherson and Esther Weedon received 3rd prize and the rest got honorable mention.

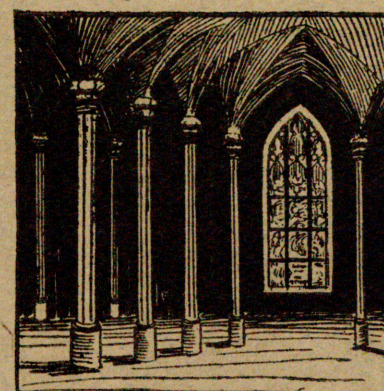
Refreshments were served.

MARLEY

Donna May, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. A. R. Wakeland underwent an operation for appendicitis Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. John F. Handorf and children and John Handorf, Sr., and Miss Minnie Handorf attended the funeral of Mrs. John Lange of Worth Wednesday.

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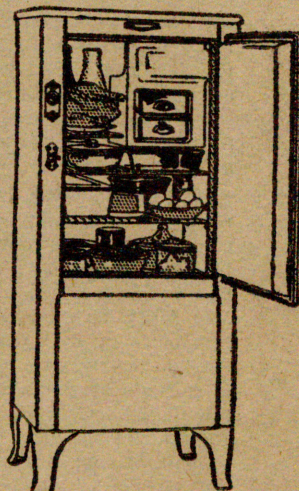
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